Stock Code: 2461

English Translation of a Report and Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese

## K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report for the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

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#### **Declaration of Consolidation of Financial Statements of Affiliates**

The companies required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates in accordance with the "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises" for the year ended December 31, 2023 are all the same as the companies required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of the parent company and its subsidiaries under International Financial Reporting Standard 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements". Relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the parent company and its subsidiaries statements of the parent company and its statements. Relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates has all been disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of the parent company and its subsidiaries.

Company Name: K Laser Technology Inc.

Chairman: Kuo Wei-Wu

March 12, 2024

## Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors and Shareholders

K Laser Technology Inc.

## Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of K Laser Technology Inc. and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements (including a summary of material accounting policies).

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors (as referred to in other matter paragraph), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 and its consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Financial Statements Audit and Attestation Engagements of Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

## Recognition of Sales Revenue

The Group's operating revenue mainly comes from the manufacture of laser holographic films, laser anti-counterfeiting labels, laser papers, precision optical components and optical instruments. In 2023, the revenue derived from sales of optical instruments was significant and the authenticity of sales revenue had a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements; therefore, the above sales revenue was identified as a key audit matter. Refer to Note 4 of the consolidated financial statements for the accounting policies on revenue recognition.

Our main audit procedures performed in respect of the aforementioned key audit matter were as follows:

- 1. We obtained an understanding and tested the internal control procedures over the recognition of sales revenue and evaluated the effectiveness of such controls.
- 2. We selected samples from the transaction details of major sales customers to verify whether they were consistent with external shipping documents, export declarations and original transaction documents.
- 3. We confirmed the reasonableness of significant sales returns and allowances.

## Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements of some subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements of the Group, but such statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for these subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of other auditors. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the total assets of the aforementioned subsidiaries amounted to NT\$254,203 thousand and NT\$248,563 thousand, respectively, which accounted for 3.18% and 3.06% of the consolidated total assets, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the net operating revenue of these subsidiaries amounted to NT\$281,204 thousand and NT\$237,024 thousand, respectively, which accounted for 4.95% and 3.69% of the consolidated net operating revenue, respectively. The financial statements of some investee companies accounted for using the equity method were audited by other auditors. The amounts within the consolidated financial statements for those investee companies were based solely on the reports of other auditors. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, investments accounted for using the equity method amounted to NT\$158,252 thousand and NT\$153,302 thousand, respectively, which accounted for 1.98% and 1.89% of the consolidated total assets, respectively. For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the

share of profit from equity-method investments amounted to NT\$13,027 thousand and NT\$16,984 thousand, respectively, which accounted for (34.66%) and 6.98% of the consolidated net profit (loss) before tax, respectively. Refer to Note 35 of the consolidated financial statements for relevant information on the abovementioned investee companies which we have not audited but were audited by other auditors.

We have also audited the financial statements of K Laser Technology Inc. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 on which we have issued an unqualified opinion with other matter paragraph.

# **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to the going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit

procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls of the Group.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements (including the disclosures) and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings (including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit).

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence (and where applicable, related safeguards).

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine that those matters of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023 and are therefore the

key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless any law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Deloitte & Touche Huang Yi-Min, CPA

Hsu Wen-Ya, CPA

Financial Supervisory Commission Approval No: 1030024438 Securities and Futures Bureau Approval No: 0920123784

March 12, 2024

## K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets December 31, 2023 and 2022

Ommune acces         Ommune acces         S. 1,203,335         O         S. 1, 203,335         O           10         Canad access of flat value (house 4 and 4)         S. 1, 203,335         O         S. 1, 203,335         10           10         Financial socies of flat value (house 4 and 4)         138,479         2         138,077         2           20         Tradit excells (Notes 4 and 10)         138,479         2         138,077         2           21         Convert access (Notes 4 and 10)         143,529         18         123,320         10           22         Convert access (Notes 4 and 12)         143,529         18         123,320         10           22         Convert access (Notes 4 and 12)         145,529         18         14,523,322         12           23         Note-convert access (Note 5 and 12)         14,523,92         14         14,123,143         14           24         Note-convert access (Note 5 and 12)         14,523,92         16         35,332,32         12           25         Panced access access (Note 4 and 12)         14,523,93         14         14,94,64         1         1         14,94,64         1         1         14,94,64         1         1         14,152         1         14,152				Unit: In Thou	isands of New Taiw	an Dollar
Otherms aves         Structure			December 31	, 2023	December 31,	2022
60         Cash and cash capevalues of is 2 values of is 2 value	Code	Assets	Amount	%	Amount	%
10       Financial societ and 70       315       -         10       Concat and 70       315       -         20       Financial societ and relation of concent (Note 4 and 8)       28579       2       35777       3         20       Tech eventualses (Note 3 and 10)       1625249       18       1232322       37       38       38       38       38       38       38       38       38       38       38       38       38       38       39       38       38       38       39       38       38       31       31       39       38       31       31       31	1100		<b>•</b> 1 500 005	10	<b>•</b> 1 <b>5</b> 00 0 <b>5</b> 1	
			\$ 1,503,335	19	\$ 1,720,354	21
56       Financial assets interacted cost-current (Note 4 and 8)       4.267       -       -       -         60       Protectorebule (Note 4 and 10)       11.4579       18.4579       2       13.9577       2         60       Total metricible (Note 4 and 10)       11.8579       18.4579       2       13.9577       2         60       Total metricible (Note 4 and 12)       16.7574       -       20.700       16.7574       -       20.700         60       Non-current assets (Note 4 and 12)       45.7579       -       16.7574       -       20.700       -       16.7574       -       20.700       -       6.7574       -       20.700       -       6.7573       7       7.7573	110		407	-	315	_
50       Notes receivable (Notes 4 and 10)       135479       2       136077       2       136077       2       136077       2       136077       2       136077       2       136077       2       136077       1       137017       1 <t< td=""><td>136</td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>	136			-	-	-
70       Tode receivables (Note 4 and 10)       L25,492       18       L25,432       16         70       Other cervishes (Note 5 2)       27017       32,704       -         70       Current is used, (Notes 4 and 12)       135,705       -       -       6,757       18         70       Other current assets       437,7019       -       6       440,024       -       -       6,757       18       -       6,757       18       -       6,757       16       -       6,757       16       -       6,757       16       -       6,757       16       -       6,757       -       6,757       -       6,757       -       6,757       -       6,757       -       6,757       -       6,757       -       6,757       -       6,757       -       6,757       -       6,757       -       5,757       -       5,757       -       7,754       1       -       1,757       -       1,757       -       -       1,757       -       -       1,757       -       1,757       -       -       1,757       -       -       1,757       1       -       1,757       1       -       1,757       1       -       1,757	150			2	136,977	2
25       Current tax asket (Notes 4 and 20)       16.726       -       20.706         06       Corrent asket (Notes 4 and 12)       -       -       6.725       -         07       Oter corrent asket (Notes 4 and 12)       -       -       6.725       -         07       Oter corrent asket (Notes 4 and 12)       -       -       6.725       -         10       Found corrent asket (Notes 4 and 7)       -       6.735       -       6.735       -         10       Financial asket at ator value through other comprehensive income - non-       6.0,117       1       6,161       -         11       Totak asket at ator value through other comprehensive income - non-       87.831       1       9.1861       1         12       Totak asket at atorizad cost- anon-corrent (Notes 4 and 13)       1.090,401       2       1.88,113       21         13       Functional Kobes 4 and 13)       1.212,113       1       4.22,214       4       1       4.22,214       4       1       4.22,214       4       1       4.22,214       4       1       4.22,214       4       1       4.22,214       4       1       4.22,214       4       1       4.22,214       4       1       4.22,214       4       1	170					16
UN         Investories (Notes 4 and 1)         1.3385.619         17         1.472.174         18           70         Other current assets (Notes 6, 19 and 23)	200			-		-
60       Non-current assets held for sele (Nors 4 and 12)       -	220	Current tax assets (Notes 4 and 26)	16,736	-	20,706	-
70         Other curvet asset (Note 6, 19 and 32)         443.520         4         1902         5           Nor curvet assets         407.979.9         62         500.027         6.           Nor curvet assets         407.979.9         62         500.027         6.           1         Prancial assets at introduce through other porfit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)         6.117         1         6.161         -           2         Financial assets at monthed cost - non-current (Notes 4 and 8)         1         9.831         1         9.861         1           3         Financial assets at monthed cost - non-current (Notes 4 and 8)         1.099.019         2         1.384.155         2           40         Property plut and equipment (Note 4 and 18)         3.5779         3.81.00         -           00         Property plut and equipment (Note 3 and 18)         3.27721         3.35.000         1           010         Deferred tax seets (Note 4 and 18)         3.27721         3.35.000         1           020         Deferred tax seets (Note 3 and 18)         3.27721         3.35.000         1           021         Object and assets         3.007.020         \$ 655.775         8         \$ 5.13.010         1000           020         Current tabi	30X		1,385,619	17		18
XX         Total current assets $\frac{1}{4077,919}$ $\frac{6}{62}$ $\frac{1}{5001,200}$ $\frac{6}{62}$ Non-current assets         intermediation of the congruence income - non-current         0,117         1         6,161         -           17         Financial assets of fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current         0,117         1         6,161         -           18         Financial assets of fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current         87,851         1         91,861         1           19         Property, plant and cappenant (Note 4 and 15)         1,009,802         2         1,044,153         21           90         Other inangelike assets (Notes 4 and 15)         33,779         -         38,100         -           190         Other inangelike assets (Notes 4 and 15)         31,1299         20			-	-		-
Non-current assets         Image: Constraint of the set						5
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	IAA	Total current assets	4,977,919	62	5,060,287	62
(Note 4 and 7)         62.17         1         6,161           7         Final assets at flor value through other comprehensive income - non- current (Notes 4 and 8)         7,183         -           3         Financial assets at anotical cost - and exernent (Notes 4 and 8)         7,183         -           01         Financial assets at anotical cost - and exernent (Notes 4 and 15)         60,000         -           02         Financial assets at anotical cost - and 15)         60,000         -         -           03         Financial assets at anotical cost - anot - current (Notes 4 and 16)         -         -         -           04         Financial Cost - anot - Sin (Notes 4 and 16)         -         -         -         -           05         Gordwell (Notes 4 and 26)         -						
17       Financial asset aftar value through other comprehensive income - non- enter (Notes 4 and 9)       57,631       1       91,861       1         33       Financial assets an anotized costs - non-current (Notes 4 and 14)       449,409       3       422,191       6         34       Property plan and equipment (Notes 4 and 15)       1,099,499       21       1,044,155       21         35       Goodwill (Notes 4, 17 and 29)       42,724       1,427,24       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       4       42,724       5       5,666       1       0       5,756       8       5,13,937       6       6       5,757       8       5,13,937       6       0       30,7572       1       30,7572       1       41,4520       5       7       7       7       4       4       27,777       4       4       27,777       4       4       27,777       4       4       27,777       4       4 </td <td>510</td> <td></td> <td>62 117</td> <td>1</td> <td>6 1 6 1</td> <td></td>	510		62 117	1	6 1 6 1	
	517		02,117	1	0,101	-
35       Financial assets at amortized cost- non-current (Notes 4 and 8)       7,183       -       -       -         35       by construm account for sing the cigity methol (Notes 4 and 15)       1,690,610       21       1,684,153       21         36       Big for-brean sace (Notes 4 and 16)       407,842       5       232,023       4         47       Construct and saces 1 and 80       47,352       1       232,066       1         40       Deferred tax assets Notes 6, 10 and 33       212,413       3       41,6580       5         90       Other non-current assets       5012,009       18       507,552       8       5,132,917       6         01       Short-term bornowings (Note 20)       49,092       1       99,079       1         02       Short-term bornowings (Note 20)       49,092       1       99,079       1         03       Notes payable       37,421       4       327,77       4         03       Notes payable       37,421       4       327,776       4         04       Deferred tax asset (Notes 6, 10, 10, 102       20,018       10       10       14       1-         04       Trade payables to related parties (Note 20)       32,017       5,600,00       73			87.631	1	91.861	1
50       Investments accounted for using the equity method (Notes 4 and 14)       409-409       5       422,191       6         50       Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4 and 16)       407,842       5       203,025       4         51       Right-of-sea assets (Notes 4 and 16)       42,724       1       42,727       33,755       5       5,705,765       8       5,713,017       6       70,724       42,724       42,727,716       42,724       42,727,716       42,724       1       42,727,716       43,775       6       70,753,735       8       5,713,927       6       70,733,742       70       70,733,742       70       70,729	535			-	-	-
55       Right-of-laws assets (Noise 4 and 16)       407,842       5       290,025       4         95       Glockell (Noise 4, 17 and 29)       42,724       1       42,724       1       42,724       -         91       Other intangible assets (Noise 4 and 18)       35,779       -       38,190       -         90       Other non-current assets (Noise 4 and 16)       47,382       1       32,066       1         90       Other non-current assets (Noise 4 and 16)       212,413       3       444,850       3         91       Other non-current assets       100,000       \$ 8,115,110       100       000         Carrent liabilities       Eablities and Equity       -       100       \$ 8,115,110       100         92       Carrent liabilities       Carrent liabilities       90,979       1       30,7421       4       32,777,76       4         93       Other payables (Note 32)       60,01,77,76       4       32,777,76       4       32,777,76       4       32,777,76       4       32,777,76       4       32,777,76       4       32,333       1       1       1,33,38       1       1       1,33,38       1       1       1,33,38       1       1       1,33,38,33 <td< td=""><td>550</td><td></td><td></td><td>5</td><td>452,191</td><td>6</td></td<>	550			5	452,191	6
055       Groedwill (Notes 4, 17 and 29)       42,724       1       42,724       1       42,724       1       42,724       1       32,724       1       33,665       1         140       Deferred tax assets (Notes 4 and 26)       47,332       1       32,666       1       3       30,052,323       38       30,052,323       38         XX       Total anon-current assets (Notes 6, 19 and 35)       212,413       3       41,458,00       100         XX       Total assets (Notes 6, 19 and 35)       212,6141       3       41,458,00       100         XX       Total assets (Notes 7, 19 and 7,97)       1       41,458,00       100       \$ 8,156,110       100         Corrent liabilities       Current liabilities       Current liabilities       307,421       4       327,77       4       4       -       -       14,412,414       327,77       4       -       -       14,412,414       -       327,312       -       -       14,412,414       -       -       -       14,412,414       -       327,312       -       -       14,412,414       -       -       -       14,412,414       -       -       -       14,412,414       -       -       -       14,414       -	500	Property, plant and equipment (Notes 4 and 15)	1,699,619	21	1,684,155	21
21       Other intengible asset (Notes 4 and 18)       35,779       -       38,190         40       Defer non-current assets (Notes 4 and 20)       412,241,3       3       444,850       5         90       Other non-current assets       301,2099       38       1005,5223       38         XX       Total non-current assets $$2,12,029$ 38       1005       5,513,61,10       100         Code       Liabilities and Equity       -       -       1,99,979       1       9,99,979       1         00       Short-term borrowings (Nor 20)       6,655,151       8       751,937,76       4         70       Tade payables       661,515       8       709,776       4         70       Tade payables to related partice (Note 22)       -       -       1,43       -         71       Other payables (Notes 4 and 26)       12,277       1       83,388       1         80       Trade payables (Notes 4 and 26)       12,276       1       8,38,81       1         720       Other payables (Notes 4 and 26)       2,72       -       -       1,365         81       Current liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 26)       2,752       -       -         731       Curg	755			5		4
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	805			1		-
990       Other non-current assets (Notes 6, 19 and 33) $\frac{212413}{3012,099}$ $\frac{3}{38}$ $\frac{414,850}{3075,823}$ $\frac{5}{38}$ CXX       Total anon-current assets $\frac{5}{3012,099}$ $\frac{3}{38}$ $\frac{414,850}{3075,823}$ $\frac{5}{38}$ CXX       Total assets $\frac{5}{2012,090,18}$ $100$ $\frac{5}{8,136,110}$ $100$ Code       Liabilities and Equity $\frac{1}{200,121}$ $\frac{4}{202,775}$ $\frac{8}{4}$ $\frac{5}{20,775}$ $\frac{8}{4}$ $\frac{5}{20,775}$ $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{20,775}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{212}{21,41}$ $\frac{212}{21,41}$ $\frac{212}{21,41}$ $\frac{212}{21,41}$ $\frac{212}{21,41}$ $\frac{212}{21,41}$ $\frac{21}{20,41}$ <				-		-
XX         Total non-current assets         3.012.099         58         3.075.823         38           XX         Total assets         S.7.2900.018         100         \$.8.136,110         100           Code         Liabilities and Equity            00         Short-term borrowing: (Note 20)         40,992         1         90,975         1           90         Short-term borrowing: (Note 20)         40,992         1         90,975         1           91         Total psyables         S01,421         4         327,756         4           90         Total psyables to related parties (Note 32)         661,040         7         553,342         7           90         Total psyables to related parties (Note 32)         560,090         7         553,342         7           100         Caser is inhibities - current (Notes 4 and 26)         32,627         1         83,388         1           121         Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle         1         15,631         -           (Notes 4 and 7)         .         .         .         1,566         .         .           122         Long-term Inibilities         .         .         .         .         <				1		1
CXX         Total assets $$7.990,018$ 100 $$8,136,10$ 100           Code         Labilities         Current liabilities         Subscription         Current liabilities				<u>3</u>		29
Code         Liabilities and Equity           00         Short-term borowings (Note 20)         \$ 655,775         \$ \$ 513,937         6           10         Short-term borowings (Note 20) $30,7421$ 4 $32,776$ 4           70         Trade payables         661,515         8         700,072         9           90         Trade payables to related parties (Note 32)         640         -         143         -           100         Other payables to related parties (Note 32)         -         -         143         -           200         Other payables (Note 22)         560,090         7         553,342         7           210         Other payables (Note 22)         -         -         143         -           200         Current tax liabilities (Notes 32)         -         -         143         -           211         Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle         0         0         133,168         4         -         -           (Not-st and 20)         2,732         -         -         -         1366         -           (Not-st and 20)         2,732         -         -         1366         -         -         1363         -	JAA	Total hon-current assets		38		38
	XXX	Total assets	<u>\$ 7,990,018</u>	100	<u>\$ 8,136,110</u>	100
	Code	Liabilities and Equity				
00         Short-term borrowings (Note 20)         \$ 655.775         8         \$ 513.937         6           10         Short-term notes and bills payable (Note 20)         307.421         4         327.776         4           50         Notes payables to related parties (Note 32)         40         -         114         -           60         Other payables (Note 32)         560.090         7         553.342         7           70         Other payables (Note 32)         -         -         143         -           20         Other payables (Note 32)         -         -         143         -           21         Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle         -         -         143         -           21         Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle         -         -         -         -         -           22         Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle         -         -         1.5631         -           23         Adde and 7)         -         -         1.5631         -           24         Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle         -         -         1.5631         -           24         Total	Coue					
50       Notes payable $307,421$ 4 $327,776$ 4         70       Trade payables to related parties (Note 32) $40$ - $14$ -         90       Other payables (Note 22) $560,000$ 7 $553,342$ 7         120       Other payables (Note 22) $560,000$ 7 $553,342$ 7         120       Current at atinhitics (Notes 4 and 26) $322,637$ 1 $833,383$ 1         121       Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle $333,168$ 4       -       -         (Notes 4 and 2) $2732$ -       - $1,5631$ -       -         (Notes 4 and 20) $2732$ -       - $1,366$ -       -         (Notes 4 and 20) $2732$ -       - $512,791$ 6       -       - $1,366$ -       - $1,366$ -       - $1,366$ -       - $1,366$ -       - $1,366$ -       - $1,366$ -       - $1,366$ -       - $1,366$ -       - $1,366$ -       -	100		\$ 655,775	8	\$ 513,937	6
70       Trade payables or related paries (Note 32)       661,151       8       709,072       9         80       Trade payables (Note 22)       560,090       7       553,342       7         90       Other payables (Note 22)       .       .       143       .         130       Current tax liabilities (Note 32)       .       .       143       .         130       Current tax liabilities (Note 32)       .       .       143       .         131       Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       .       .       .       .         121       Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       .       .       .       .       .         122       Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       . </td <td>110</td> <td>Short-term notes and bills payable (Note 20)</td> <td>49,992</td> <td>1</td> <td>99,979</td> <td>1</td>	110	Short-term notes and bills payable (Note 20)	49,992	1	99,979	1
80       Trade pipables to related parties (Note 32)       40       -       14       -         90       Other payables (Note 22)       560,090       7       533,342       7         120       Other payables (Note 22)       560,090       7       533,342       7         130       Current tax liabilities (Note 3 and 26)       313,168       4       -       -         121       Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       333,168       4       -       -         122       Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       333,168       4       -       -         123       (Notes 4 and 20)       2,732       -       -       -       1,5631       -         124       Non-current liabilities       107,805       1       1,5631       -       -         130       Corporate bonds payable (Note 21)       -       -       512,791       6         130       Corporate bonds payable (Note 24)       210,844       -       223,55       -         140       Lasse liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 16)       210,306       3       153,231       2         130       Lasse liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 25)       132,767       - <td< td=""><td>150</td><td>Notes payable</td><td>307,421</td><td>4</td><td>327,776</td><td>4</td></td<>	150	Notes payable	307,421	4	327,776	4
000       Other payables (Note 22)       553,442       7         200       Other payables (Note 3, 20, 22)       -       143       -         300       Current tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 26)       32,627       1       83,388       1         301       Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 26)       32,627       1       83,388       1         201       Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       333,168       4       -       -         21       Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       333,168       4       -       -         22       Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       1       15,631       -       -         23       Yota (current liabilities       1       15,631       -       -       -       1,366       -       -       -       1,366       -       -       -       1,366       -       -       -       1,366       -       -       -       1,366       -       -       -       1,366       -       -       -       1,326       -       -       1,326       -       -       1,326       -       -       1,326       -       -       1,326       - <td< td=""><td>170</td><td></td><td></td><td>8</td><td>709,072</td><td>9</td></td<>	170			8	709,072	9
220       Other payables to related parties (Note 32)       -       -       -       143       -         30       Current rat Knibhilities (Notes 4 and 26)       32,027       1       83,388       1         180       Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 16)       61,906       1       39,733       1         210       Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       333,168       4       -       -         22       Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       333,168       4       -       -         22       Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       2,732       -       -       -         33       Total current liabilities       107.805       1       15.631       -         34       Total current liabilities       2,763.071       35       2,343.015       29         900       Other current liabilities       1       16.068 / 40.01       -       -       -       1.266       -       -       -       1.266       -       -       -       1.256       -       -       -       1.2791       6         360       Corporate bonds payable (Note 21)       891,952       11       858,560       11       853,561	180					-
130       Current in ka liabilities (Noies 4 and 26)       32,627       1       83,388       1         121       Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       33,168       4       -         121       Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       333,168       4       -         122       Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       2,732       -       -         123       Other current liabilities       107,805       1       15,661       -         123       Non-current liabilities       2,732       -       -       -         123       Non-current liabilities       2,763,071       35       2,245,015       29         Non-current liabilities       107,805       1       1,5,661       -       -       -       1,366       -       -       -       1,366       -       -       -       1,3766       -       -       1,3766       -       -       1,3766       -       -       1,3766       -       -       1,3766       -       -       1,32,355       -       10       0       10,3767       -       -       1,4812       -       -       1,4812       -       -       -       -	200		560,090	7		7
80       Lease liabilities - current (Notes 4 and 16)       61,006       1       39,733       1         21       Convertible coprorate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       333,168       4       -         22       Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       333,168       4       -         22       Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       333,168       4       -         399       Other current liabilities       107,805       _1       15,631       -         30       Total current liabilities       2,763,071       35       2,343,015       29         Non-current liabilities         00       Financial liabilities and 7)       -       -       512,791       6         610       Long-term borrowings (Note 20)       891,952       11       858,560       11         80       Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 16)       210,396       3       153,231       2         700       Deferred tax liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)       13,767       _       -       14,812       -         701       Deferred tax liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)       13,767       _       -       -       14,812       -         702 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			-	-		-
Convertible corporate bonds due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle (Notes 4 and 21)333,168422Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle (Notes 4 and 20)2,73223Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle (Notes 4 and 20)2,73224Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle (Notes 4 and 20)2,73227Dor current liabilities Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)1,36620Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)1,36620Grap-term borrowings (Note 20)891,95211858,5601180Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 16)21,844-23,265-20Deferred tax liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)13,767-14,812-210Net defined benefit liabilities14,812-200KTotal liabilities14,812-210Special reserve390,01,030493,907,04048211Ordinary shares1,604,613211,638,06120200Capital surphus73,3269689,9689212Gravital surphorpristed earnings275,9603379,2095210Legal reserve290,3494277,30532				1		1
(Notes 4 and 21)       1       333,168       4       -         22       Long-term browings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       2,732       -       -         99       Other current liabilities       2,763       1       15.631       -         99       Other current liabilities       2,765.071       35       2.343.015       29         Non-current liabilities       2,765.071       35       2.343.015       29         Non-current liabilities       2,765.071       35       2.343.015       29         Non-current liabilities       -       -       1.366       -         (Notes 4 and 7)       -       -       512.791       6         (Aotes 4 and 7)       -       -       512.791       6         (Aote 4 cond 5 payable (Note 21)       891.952       11       885.650       11         (80       Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 26)       21.844       -       23.265       -         (XX       Total non-current liabilities       -       -       14.812       -       -         (XX       Total liabilities       -       -       14.812       -       -       -         (XX       Total liabilities       -			61,906	1	39,733	1
222       Long-term borrowings due within 1 year or 1 operating cycle       2.732       -       -       -         199       Other current liabilities       107.805       1       15.631       -         199       Other current liabilities       2.765.071       35       2.343.015       29         Non-current liabilities         100         Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current         (Notes 4 and 7)       -       -       1.366       -         Or portate bonds payable (Note 21)       -       -       512.791       6         640       Long-term borrowings (Note 20)       891.952       11       858.560       11         Restance And 70       -       -       512.791       6         Other et ark liabilities + non-current (Notes 4 and 16)       210.396       3       153.231       2         Colspan="2">Corefered tax liabilities + non-current (Notes 4 and 23)       -       -       -       -       14.812       -       -       -       14.812       -       -       15.640.25       19         Core tax liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)       -       -       -       <	321		222 169	1		
(Notes 4 and 20)       1       2.732       -       107.805       -       -       -       15.631       -       -       -       107.805       -       -       1.5631       -       -       -       1.366       -       -       -       512.791       6       -       -       512.791       6       -       -       512.791       6       -       -       512.791       6       -       -       512.791       6       -       -       -       512.791       6       -       -       -       512.791       6       -       -       -       1.365       -       -       -       1.365       -       -       -       1.41812       -       -       -       -       1.41812       -       -       -       -       -       1.41812       -       -       -       -       -       -       1.4137.952       14 <td>377</td> <td></td> <td>555,108</td> <td>4</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	377		555,108	4	-	-
999       Other current liabilities $107,805$ $1$ $15,631$ $-$ XX       Total current liabilities $2,763,071$ $35$ $2,243,015$ $29$ Non-current liabilities         00       Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)       -       - $1,366$ -         01       Long-term bords payable (Note 21)       -       - $512,791$ $6$ 04       Long-term torwings (Note 20) $891,952$ $11$ $888,560$ $11$ 050       Cerporate bonds payable (Note 21)       -       - $153,231$ $2$ 070       Deferred tax liabilities, non-current (Notes 4 and 26) $211,844$ $232,265$ $232,855$ 040       Net defined benefit liabilities $-14,812$ $  14,812$ $-$ 0500       Capital non-current (Ibilities $3,901,030$ $49$ $3,907,040$ $48$ Equity (Note 24)         Stare capital         10       Ordinary shares $1,694,613$ $21$ $1,638,061$ $200$ 020       Special reserve $2$	522		2,732	-	-	-
XX       Total current liabilities $2.763.071$ $35$ $2.343.015$ $29$ Non-current liabilities         000       Financial liabilities and 7)       -       - $1.366$ 300       Corporate bonds payable (Note 21)       -       - $512.791$ 6         301       Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 16) $210.396$ 3 $153.231$ 2         302       Deferred tax liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 26) $21.844$ - $23.265$ -         304       Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23) $13.767$ - $14.812$ -         305       Liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23) $13.767$ - $14.812$ -         305       Liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23) $13.767$ - $14.812$ -         3070.040       48       - $23.907.040$ 48       -       -         CXX       Total liabilities $3.907.040$ 48       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -	399			1	15.631	_
600       Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)       -       -       1,366       -         730       Corporate bonds payable (Note 21)       -       -       512,791       6         740       Long-term borrowings (Note 20)       891,952       11       858,560       11         740       Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 26)       21,844       -       23,265       -         740       Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)       11,137,959       14       -1,564,025       19         750       Deferred tax liabilities       -       -       14,812       -       -         760       Net defined benefit liabilities       -       -       14,812       -       -       14,812       -       -       14,812       -       -       -       44,812       -       -       -       44,812       -       -       -       -       44,812       -       -       -       -       -       4,812       - <td>1XX</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>35</td> <td></td> <td>29</td>	1XX			35		29
600       Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Notes 4 and 7)       -       -       1,366       -         730       Corporate bonds payable (Note 21)       -       -       512,791       6         740       Long-term borrowings (Note 20)       891,952       11       858,560       11         740       Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 26)       21,844       -       23,265       -         740       Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)       11,137,959       14       -1,564,025       19         750       Deferred tax liabilities       -       -       14,812       -       -         760       Net defined benefit liabilities       -       -       14,812       -       -       14,812       -       -       14,812       -       -       -       44,812       -       -       -       44,812       -       -       -       -       44,812       -       -       -       -       -       4,812       - <td></td> <td>NT</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		NT				
(Notes 4 and 7)       -       -       1,366       -         i30       Corporate bonds payable (Note 21)       -       -       512,791       6         i40       Long-term borrowings (Note 20)       891,952       11       888,560       11         i80       Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 26)       210,396       3       153,231       2         i70       Deferred tax liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)       13,767       -       -       14,812       -         iXX       Total non-current liabilities       -       0.3,901,030       49       3,907,040       48         Equity (Note 24)       -       -       1,638,061       20         iXX       Total liabilities       3,901,030       49       3,907,040       48         Equity (Note 24)       -       -       -       -       -         Share capital       -       0       0.694,613       21       1,638,061       20         100       Ordinary shares       1,694,613       21       1,638,061       20         101       Legal reserve       290,349       4       277,305       3         120       Special reserve       290,349       4       277,305 <td>500</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	500					
330       Corporate bonds payable (Note 21)       -       -       512,791       6         440       Long-term borrowings (Note 20) $891,952$ 11 $888,560$ 11         180       Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 26) $21,844$ - $23,265$ -         70       Deferred tax liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23) $13,767$ - $14,812$ -         440       Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23) $13,767$ - $14,812$ -         500       Total non-current liabilities $3,901,030$ $49$ $3,907,040$ $48$ Equity (Note 24)         Share capital         10       Ordinary shares $1,694,613$ $21$ $1,638,061$ $20$ 200       Capital surplus $733,926$ $9$ $689,968$ $9$ 810       Legal reserve $290,349$ $4$ $277,305$ $3$ 3120       Special reserve $290,349$ $4$ $277,305$ $3$ 3120       Special reserve $290,349$ $4$ $277,305$ $3$ 3120       U			-	-	1.366	-
440       Long-term borrowings (Note 20)       891,952       11       888,560       11         180       Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 16)       210,396       3       153,231       2         170       Deferred tax liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)       13,767       -       14,812       -         180       KX       Total non-current liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23)       13,767       -       14,812       -         180       Start capital       1,137,959       14       1,564,025       19         XX       Total non-current liabilities       3,901,030       49       3,907,040       48         Equity (Note 24)       Share capital       - </td <td>530</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>6</td>	530		-	-		6
180       Lease liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 16)       210,396       3       153,231       2         170       Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 26)       21,844       -       23,265       -         140       Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23) $13,767$ - $14,812$ -         150       Total non-current liabilities $11,37,959$ 14 $1.564,025$ 19         150       Same capital $1.137,959$ 14 $1.564,025$ 19         10       Ordinary shares $1.694,613$ 21 $1.638,061$ 20         10       Ordinary shares $1.694,613$ 21 $1.638,061$ 20         10       Ordinary shares $1.694,613$ 21 $1.638,061$ 20         10       Legal reserve $290,349$ 4 $277,305$ 3         10       Legal reserve $298,529$ 4 $332,865$ 4         120       Special reserve $298,529$ 4 $332,865$ 4         120       Unaperopriated earnings $275,960$ 3 $379,209$ 5         0ther equity       Unrealized loss	540		891,952	11		
70       Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 26) $21,844$ - $23,265$ -         540       Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Notes 4 and 23) $13,767$ - $14,812$ -         5XX       Total non-current liabilities $11,37,959$ $14$ $1.564,025$ $19$ 6XX       Total non-current liabilities $3.901,030$ $49$ $3.907,040$ $48$ Equity (Note 24)       Share capital $3.901,030$ $49$ $3.907,040$ $48$ 10       Ordinary shares $1.694,613$ $21$ $1.638,061$ $20$ 900       Capital surplus $733,926$ $9$ $689,968$ $9$ 810       Legal reserve $290,349$ $4$ $277,305$ $3$ 920       Special reserve $298,529$ $4$ $332,865$ $4$ 950       Unappropriated earnings $275,960$ $3$ $379,209$ $5$ 0410       Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(227,403)$ $(3 + 20,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11,11$	580					
SXX       Total non-current liabilities $1,137,959$ $14$ $1,564,025$ $19$ XXX       Total liabilities $3,901,030$ $49$ $3,907,040$ $48$ Equity (Note 24) $5000$ $689,668$ $91000$ $733,926$ $9$ $689,968$ $990000$ 200       Capital surplus $733,926$ $9$ $689,968$ $9900000000000000000000000000000000000$	570	Deferred tax liabilities (Notes 4 and 26)	21,844	-	23,265	-
KXXTotal liabilities $3,901,030$ $49$ $3,907,040$ $48$ Equity (Note 24) Share capital10Ordinary shares $1,694,613$ $21$ $1,638,061$ $20$ 200Capital surplus $733,926$ $9$ $689,968$ $9$ Retained earnings $733,926$ $9$ $689,968$ $9$ 10Legal reserve $290,349$ $4$ $277,305$ $3$ 200Special reserve $298,529$ $4$ $332,865$ $4$ 201Special reserve $298,529$ $4$ $332,865$ $4$ 202Special reserve $298,529$ $4$ $332,865$ $4$ 203Other equity $275,960$ $3$ $379,209$ $5$ 204Unappropriated earnings $(21,855)$ $(41,098)$ $(13,761)$ $-$ 205Uncarned employee benefits $(21,855)$ $(21,855)$ $(41,098)$ $(13,761)$ 206Uncarned employee benefits $(21,855)$ $(21,855)$ $(41,098)$ $(11,59,295)$ 206Treasury shares $  (7,7812)$ $(-1,7812)$ 207Value quity attributable to the Company $2,929,693$ $37$ $2,899,911$ $36$ 208Total equity attributable to the Company $2,929,693$ $37$ $2,899,911$ $36$ 208 $4,088,988$ $51$ $4,229,070$ $51$ $4,229,070$ $51$	640		13,767		14,812	
Equity (Note 24)         Share capital         10       Ordinary shares         200       Capital surplus         810       Legal reserve         290,349       4         290,349       4         291,349       4         292,3529       4         300       Special reserve         298,529       4         301       Legal reserve         298,529       4         302       Special reserve         298,529       4         3032,865       4         304       Unappropriated earnings         305       Unappropriated earnings         306       Unappropriated earnings         3079,209       5         00       Uncalized loss on financial statements         400       Uncalized loss on financial assets at fair value through other         100       Unearned employee benefits         600       Treasury shares         -       -         41,098       (1         320       Special reserve         321       1,159,295         4       1,329,159         16       1,159,295         4088,988	5XX	Total non-current liabilities	1,137,959	14	1,564,025	19
Equity (Note 24)         Share capital         10       Ordinary shares         200       Capital surplus         810       Legal reserve         290,349       4         290,349       4         291,349       4         292,3529       4         300       Special reserve         298,529       4         301       Legal reserve         298,529       4         302       Special reserve         298,529       4         3032,865       4         304       Unappropriated earnings         305       Unappropriated earnings         306       Unappropriated earnings         3079,209       5         00       Uncalized loss on financial statements         400       Uncalized loss on financial assets at fair value through other         100       Unearned employee benefits         600       Treasury shares         -       -         41,098       (1         320       Special reserve         321       1,159,295         4       1,329,159         16       1,159,295         4088,988	XXX	Total liabilities	3 901 030	49	3 907 040	48
Share capital10Ordinary shares $1,694,613$ 21 $1,638,061$ 20200Capital surplus $733,926$ 9 $689,968$ 9Retained earnings $290,349$ 4 $277,305$ 3310Legal reserve $298,529$ 4 $332,865$ 4350Unappropriated earnings $275,960$ 3 $379,209$ 5Other equity $0$ Unealized loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income $(13,761)$ - $(26,184)$ 400Unearned employee benefits $(21,855)$ - $(41,098)$ $(11,19,292)$ 410Treasury shares $  (77,812)$ $(-1,11,29,295)$ 420Uncarned employee benefits $(21,855)$ - $(41,098)$ $(11,12,19,295)$ 431Total equity attributable to the Company $2,929,693$ $37$ $2,899,911$ $36$ 441 $329,159$ $16$ $1,159,295$ $14$ $1,329,159$ $16$ 441 $4,229,070$ $52$ $4,088,988$ $51$ $4,229,070$ $52$						
10       Ordinary shares       1,694,613       21       1,638,061       20         200       Capital surplus       733,926       9       689,968       9         Retained earnings       290,349       4       277,305       3         810       Legal reserve       290,349       4       277,305       3         820       Special reserve       298,529       4       332,865       4         850       Unappropriated earnings       275,960       3       379,209       5         Other equity          6       4						
200Capital surplus Retained earnings733,9269 $689,968$ 910Legal reserve290,3494277,3053320Special reserve298,5294332,8654350Unappropriated earnings275,9603379,2095Other equity0Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(38,068)$ 420Unrealized loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income $(13,761)$ - $(26,184)$ -490Unearned employee benefits $(21,855)$ - $(41,098)$ $(11,160)$ 500Treasury shares $$	110		1 604 612	21	1 620 061	20
Retained earnings310Legal reserve $290,349$ 4 $277,305$ 3320Special reserve $298,529$ 4 $332,865$ 4350Unappropriated earnings $275,960$ 3 $379,209$ 50ther equity0Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(38,120)$ 140Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(38,120)$ 140Unrealized loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income $(13,761)$ $ (26,184)$ $-$ 190Unearned employee benefits $(21,855)$ $ (41,098)$ $(11,120)$ $(11,120)$ 190Treasury shares $  ( ( (77,812)$ $(-11,120)$ 101Treasury shares $  ( ( (7,812)$ $(-11,120)$ 102XXTotal equity attributable to the Company $2,929,693$ $37$ $2,899,911$ $36$ 5XXNon-controlling interests (Note 24) $(1,159,295)$ $14$ $(1,329,159)$ $16$ 4XXTotal equity $4,088,988$ $51$ $4,229,070$ $52$			, ,			
310Legal reserve $290,349$ 4 $277,305$ 3320Special reserve $298,529$ 4 $332,865$ 4350Unappropriated earnings $275,960$ 3 $379,209$ 5Other equity410Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(38,068)$ 420Unrealized loss on financial assets at fair value through other $(13,761)$ - $(26,184)$ -490Unearned employee benefits $(21,855)$ - $(41,098)$ $(11,109,100)$ 500Treasury shares $(7,7,812)$ $(-1,12,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,$	200		755,920	9	089,908	9
320       Special reserve       298,529       4       332,865       4         350       Unappropriated earnings       275,960       3       379,209       5         Other equity       Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements       (328,068)       (4)       (272,403)       (3         420       Unrealized loss on financial assets at fair value through other       -       (26,184)       -         420       Unearned employee benefits       (21,855)       -       (41,098)       (1         4300       Treasury shares       -       -       (77,812)       (1         4300       Total equity attributable to the Company       2,929,693       37       2,899,911       36         5300       Total equity       Total equity       4,088,988       51       4,229,070       52	310	0	290 349	4	277 305	3
350Unappropriated earnings Other equity275,9603 $379,209$ 5410Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements unrealized loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ $(132,068)$ $(132,068)$ $(212,855)$ $(212,855)$ $(212,855)$ $(212,855)$ $(212,855)$ $(212,852)$ <						4
Other equityOther equity410Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements(328,068)(4)(272,403)(3420Unrealized loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income(13,761)-(26,184)-490Unearned employee benefits(21,855)-(41,098)(1500Treasury shares(77,812)(1XXTotal equity attributable to the Company2,929,693372,899,911365XXNon-controlling interests (Note 24)1,159,295141,329,15916XXXTotal equity4,088,98851229,07052	350	1		•		5
H0Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements $(328,068)$ $(4)$ $(272,403)$ $(328,068)$ H20Unrealized loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income $(13,761)$ - $(26,184)$ -H90Unearned employee benefits $(21,855)$ - $(41,098)$ $(11,098)$ <			,	-	,_0/	5
420Unrealized loss on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income(13,761)-(26,184)-490Unearned employee benefits(21,855)-(41,098)(1500Treasury shares(77,812)(1XXTotal equity attributable to the Company2,929,693372,899,911365XXNon-controlling interests (Note 24)1,159,295141,329,15916XXXTotal equity4,088,988514,229,07052	410		( 328,068)	( 4)	( 272,403)	( 3)
comprehensive income $(13,761)$ - $(26,184)$ -490Unearned employee benefits $(21,855)$ - $(41,098)$ $(11,10)$ 500Treasury shares $(-7,7,812)$ $(-1,12)$ XXTotal equity attributable to the Company $2,929,693$ $37$ $2,899,911$ $36$ 5XXNon-controlling interests (Note 24) $1,159,295$ $14$ $1,329,159$ $16$ XXXTotal equityTotal equity $4,088,988$ $51$ $4,229,070$ $52$	420		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	( )
490Unearned employee benefits $(21,855)$ - $(41,098)$ $(1)$ 500Treasury shares $(77,812)$ $(1)$ XXTotal equity attributable to the Company $2,929,693$ $37$ $2,899,911$ $36$ 5XXNon-controlling interests (Note 24) $1,159,295$ $14$ $1,329,159$ $16$ XXXTotal equityTotal equity $4,088,988$ $51$ $4,229,070$ $52$			( 13,761)	-	( 26,184)	-
500       Treasury shares        (77,812)       (1         XX       Total equity attributable to the Company       2,929,693       37       2,899,911       36         XXX       Non-controlling interests (Note 24)       1,159,295       14       1,329,159       16         XXX       Total equity       4,088,988       51       4,229,070       52	490			-	44,000	( 1)
XX       Total equity attributable to the Company       2,929,693       37       2,899,911       36         5XX       Non-controlling interests (Note 24)       1,159,295       14       1,329,159       16         XXX       Total equity       4,088,988       51       4,229,070       52	500					()
5XX         Non-controlling interests (Note 24)         1,159,295         14         1,329,159         16           XXX         Total equity         4,088,988         51         4,229,070         52	1XX		2,929,693	37	,	36
	5XX					16
	XXX	Total equity		51		52
$\frac{57,990,018}{100}$ $\frac{100}{5,8,136,110}$ $\frac{100}{100}$		Tetal liskilizing and equity	ф. <b>П</b> 000 010	100	ф. 0.4 <b>0</b> с 150	
		Iotal liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 7,990,018</u>	100	<u>\$ 8,136,110</u>	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 12, 2024)

Chairman: Kuo Wei-Wu

Manager: Kuo Wei-Wu

Accounting Manager: Hung Ya-Ching

## K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

		2023		2022	
Code		Amount	%	Amount	%
4000	Operating revenue (Notes 4, 25 and 32)	\$ 5,679,188	100	\$ 6,421,806	100
5110	Cost of goods sold (Notes 11 and 32)	4,470,195	79	5,265,148	82
5950	Gross profit	1,208,993	21	1,156,658	18
	Operating expenses (Notes 10 and 32)				
6100	Selling and marketing	437,331	8	407,162	6
6200	General and administrative	452,817	8	431,215	7
6300	Research and development	318,574	5	332,296	5
6450	Expected credit loss	3,809		2,343	
6000	Total operating expenses	1,212,531		1,173,016	<u>    18    </u>
6900	Loss from operations	(3,538)		( <u>16,358</u> )	
7060	Non-operating income and expenses Share of profit or loss of associates accounted for using the equity method				
	(Note 14)	( 6,603)	-	5,562	-
7100	Interest income (Note 32)	32,035	1	18,649	-
7130	Dividend income	978	-	-	-
7190	Other income (Note 32)	45,692	1	57,014	1
7225	Gain on disposal of		-	0,,01	-
7226	investments Gain from sale and leaseback transactions	3,274	-	8,807	-
	(Notes 15 and 16)			281,814	4
7230		29,116	- 1	159,201	4
7235	Gain on foreign exchange Gain (loss) on financial assets (liabilities) at fair value through profit or	29,110	1	137,201	J
	loss	2,027	-	( 3,988)	-
7510	Interest expense	( 43,592)	( 1)	( 35,459)	(1)
7590	Miscellaneous expense	( 37,401)	( 1)	( 131,350)	( 2)
7610	Disposal of property, plant		-		·
	and equipment	( 20,492)	-	(7,298)	-
7670	Impairment loss (Note 15)	( <u>39,082</u> )	( <u>1</u> )	( <u>93,382</u> )	( <u>1</u> )
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses	( <u>34,048</u> )		259,570	4
(contin	-	,			

#### Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share

(continued)

			2023			2022	
Code			mount	%		mount	%
7900	Profit (loss) before tax	(\$	37,586)	-	\$	243,212	4
7950	Income tax expense (Notes 4 and 27)	(	45,707)	( <u>1</u> )	(	131,283)	( <u>2</u> )
8200	Profit (loss) for the year	(	83,293)	( <u>1</u> )		111,929	2
8310	Other comprehensive income (loss) (Note 24) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss						
8311	Remeasurement of defined benefit plans		1,136	-		5,343	-
8316	Unrealized gain (loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income		14,362	_	(	4,793)	_
8360	Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss						
8361	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	(	69,617)	(1)		115,520	2
8370	Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates accounted for using the	× ·	0,017)	( -)		110,020	_
8300	equity method Total other	(	1,428)			4,415	
	comprehensive income (loss)	(	55,547)	( <u>1</u> )		120,485	2
8500	Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year	( <u>\$</u>	138,840)	( <u>2</u> )	<u>\$</u>	232,414	4
8610 8620 8600	Net profit (loss) attributed to Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	( ( <u>\$</u>	104,098 <u>187,391</u> ) <u>83,293</u> )	$\begin{pmatrix} 2\\ \underline{3} \end{pmatrix}$	( <u>\$</u>	277,279 <u>165,350</u> ) <u>111,929</u>	$\left(\frac{4}{\underline{2}}\right)$
8710 8720 8700	Total comprehensive income (loss) attributed to Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	( ( <u>\$</u>	62,165 201,005) 138,840)	$(\underline{3}) \\ (\underline{2})$	( 	386,926 <u>154,512</u> ) <u>232,414</u>	$\begin{pmatrix} 6\\ \underline{2}\\ \underline{4} \end{pmatrix}$
9710 9810	Earnings per share (Note 28) From continuing operations Basic Diluted	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>0.66</u> 0.56		<u>\$</u> \$	$\frac{1.82}{1.50}$	

#### (concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 12, 2024)

Chairman: Kuo Wei-Wu

Manager: Kuo Wei-Wu Accounting Manager: Hung Ya-Ching

## K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

									Equity Att	ributable to	Shareholders of the	e Company					
								Retain	ed Earnings				ge Differences on Islation of the	Unrealized	er Equity d Gain (Loss) on l Assets at Fair		
Code		Ord	linary Shares	c	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve		Speci	al Reserve	Unappro	priated Earnings		ial Statements of gn Operations		hrough Other hensive Income		d Employee nefits
A1	Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	1,659,694	\$		\$ 249,25		\$	391,852	\$	294,763	(\$	373,245 )	(\$	30,640 )	(\$	72,873 )
B1	Appropriation and distribution of earnings (Note 24) Legal reserve		-		-	28,04	18		-	(	28,048 )		-		-		-
B3	Reversal of special reserve		-		-		-	(	58,987 )		58,987		-		-		-
B5	Cash dividends to shareholders of the Company		-		-		-		-	(	228,121 )		-		-		-
D1	Net profit (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022		-		-		-		-		277,279		-		-		-
D3	Other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022, net of income tax		-		-		-		-		5,343		100,842		3,462		-
I1	Conversion of corporate bonds into ordinary shares (Notes 21 and 24)		24,317		18,853		-		-		-		-		-		-
L1	Buy-back of treasury shares (Note 24)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
L3	Cancellation of treasury shares (Note 24)	(	45,950 )	(	30,767 )		-		-		-		-		-		-
M7	Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries		-	(	7,677 )		-		-		-		-		-		-
N1	Compensation cost of restricted shares for employees (Note 29)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		31,775
01	Non-controlling interests		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Q1	Disposal of equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 24)		<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>		_		<u>-</u>	(	994)		<u> </u>		994		=
Z1	Balance at December 31, 2022		1,638,061		689,968	277,30	)5		332,865		379,209	(	272,403 )	(	26,184 )	(	41,098 )
B1	Appropriation and distribution of 2022 earnings (Note 24) Legal reserve				_	13,04	и		_	(	13,044 )						
B3	Special reserve		-		-	15,0-	-	(	34,278 )	(	34,278		-		-		-
B5	Cash dividends to shareholders of the Company		-		-		-		-	(	230,030 )		-		-		-
D1	Net profit (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023		-		-		-		-		104,098		-		-		-
D3	Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2023, net of income tax		-		-		-		-		1,136	(	55,747 )		12,678		-
L3	Cancellation of treasury shares (Note 24)	(	60,000 )	(	17,812 )		-		-		-		-		-		-
I1	Conversion of corporate bonds into ordinary shares (Notes 21 and 24)		116,552		66,350		-		-		-		-		-		-
M5	Difference between consideration received or paid and carrying amount of subsidiaries' net assets during actual acquisition or disposal		-		7,427		-	(	58)	(	113 )		82		171		-
M7	Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries		-	(	12,007 )		-		-		-		-		-		-
N1	Compensation cost of restricted shares for employees (Note 29)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		19,243
Q1	Disposal of equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 24)		-		-		-		-		426		-	(	426 )		-
01	Non-controlling interests			_													
Z1	Balance at December 31, 2023	\$	1,694,613	\$	733,926	<u>\$ 290,34</u>	19	<u>s</u>	298,529	<u>s</u>	275,960	( <u>\$</u>	328,068 )	( <u>\$</u>	13,761 )	( <u>\$</u>	21,855 )

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 12, 2024)

Chairman: Kuo Wei-Wu

Manager: Kuo Wei-Wu

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars	Unit: In	Thousands	of New	Taiwan	Dollars
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	ury Shares		trolling Interes	ts		otal Equity
(\$	147,047 )	\$	1,589,536		\$	4,270,856
	-		-			-
	-		-			-
	-		-		(	228,121
	-	(	165,350 )			111,929
	-		10,838			120,485
	-		-			43,170
,	5 (02 )				,	7 402
(	7,482 )		-		(	7,482
	76,717		-			-
					,	
	-		-		(	7,677
	-		-			31,775
		,	105.065		,	105.045
	-	(	105,865 )		(	105,865
(	77,812 )		1,329,159			4,229,070
	-		-			-
	-		-			-
	-		-		(	230,030
	-	(	187,391)		(	83,293
	-	(	13,614 )		(	55,547
	77,812		-			-
						102.002
	-		-			182,902
	-		8,836			16,345
	-		-		(	12,007
	-		-			19,243
						17,243
	-		-			-
			22,305			22,305

Accounting Manager: Hung Ya-Ching

## K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

Code			2023		2022
	Cash flows from operating activities				
A10000	Profit (loss) before tax	(\$	37,586)	\$	243,212
A20010	Adjustments for:				
A20100	Depreciation expense		255,446		257,715
A20200	Amortization expense		4,768		5,740
A20300	Expected credit loss		3,809		2,343
A20400	Net loss (gain) on financial assets at				
	fair value through profit or loss	(	2,027)		3,988
A20900	Interest expense		43,592		35,459
A21200	Interest income	(	32,035)	(	18,649)
A21300	Dividend income	(	978)		-
A21900	Compensation cost of share-based				
	payments		19,262		31,931
A22300	Share of (profit) loss of associates				
	and joint ventures accounted for				
	using the equity method		6,603	(	5,562)
A22500	Loss on disposal and write-down of				
	property, plant and equipment		20,492		7,298
A23100	Gain on disposal of investments	(	3,274)	(	8,807)
A23500	Impairment loss recognized on				
	financial assets		-		5,150
A23700	Impairment loss recognized on				
	non-financial assets		39,082		88,232
A23800	(Reversal of) inventory loss and		,		,
	obsolescence	(	6,464)		32,150
A29900	Gain on lease modification	× ×	-	(	54)
A29900	Gain from sale and leaseback				,
	transactions		-	(	281,814)
A30000	Net change in operating assets and				. ,
	liabilities				
A31130	Notes receivable	(	21,702)	(	35,082)
A31150	Trade receivables	Ì	175,740)	,	34,037
A31160	Trade receivables from related				
	parties		-		195,300
A31180	Other receivables		1,662	(	1,567)
A31200	Inventories		94,019	(	97,270)
A31240	Other current assets		83,504	(	94,292)
A31990	Other non-current assets	(	6,891)		5,696
A32130	Notes payable	(	20,355)		59,354
A32150	Trade payables	(	57,557)		69,984
A32160	Trade payables to related parties		26	(	3,695)
A32180	Other payables	(	13,757)		27,437

#### Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

(continued)

Code			2023		2022
A32190	Other payables to related parties	(\$	143)	\$	26
A32230	Other current liabilities		92,174		4,259
A32240	Net defined benefit liabilities - non-				
	current		91	(	3)
A33000	Cash generated from operations		286,021		562,516
A33100	Interest received		32,035		18,649
A33300	Interest paid	(	39,967)	(	31,246)
A33500	Income tax paid	Ì	88,634)	Ì	81,358)
AAAA	Net cash generated from operating	` <u> </u>	<u> </u>	` <u> </u>	,
	activities		189,455		468,561
					<u> </u>
	Cash flows from investing activities				
B00010	Acquisition of financial assets at fair				
	value through other comprehensive				
	income		-	(	5,615)
B00030	Refund from capital reduction of				
	financial assets at fair value through				
	other comprehensive income		11,228		3,000
B00040	Acquisition of financial assets at		,		
	amortized cost	(	11,450)		-
B00100	Acquisition of financial assets at fair	,	, ,		
	value through profit or loss	(	55,386)	(	6,818)
B00200	Disposal of financial assets at fair value	× ×		<b>`</b>	/
	through other comprehensive income		7,364		2,006
B01900	Net cash inflow from disposal of				· · · ·
	associates		23,987		_
B02600	Proceeds from disposal of assets		9,665		27,705
B02700	Purchase of property, plant and		- ,		
	equipment	(	299,573)	(	600,253)
B02800	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant	× ×			,
	and equipment		20,697		342,110
B03700	Decrease (increase) in refundable		,		
	deposits	(	14,977)		1,510
B04100	Decrease in other receivables	(	882		6,950
B04500	Purchase of intangible assets	(	2,357)	(	1,624)
B05350	Acquisition of right-of-use assets	Č	53,998)	(	-
B06600	Decrease (increase) in other financial	(	55,5707		
200000	assets		129,717	(	74,440)
B07100	Increase in prepayments for equipment	(	25,459)	(	45,669)
B07600	Dividends received	(	7,625	(	6,043
BBBB	Net cash used in investing activities	(	252,035)	(	345,095)
DDDD	The cash used in investing activities	(		(	<u> </u>
	Cash flows from financing activities				
C00200	Increase (decrease) in short-term				
	borrowings		141,838	(	233,608)
C00500	Decrease in short-term bills payable	(	50,000)	Ì	60,000)
C01600	Proceeds from long-term borrowings	`	546,000	(	461,960
C01700	Repayments of long-term borrowings	(	510,000)	(	397,400)
201/00		,	210,000 /	(	27.,.00)

(continued)

Code		_	2023		2022
C04500	Issuance of cash dividends	(\$	230,030)	(\$	228,121)
C04800	Exercise of employee share options		13,073		20,700
C04900	Buy-back of treasury shares		-	(	7,482)
C05500	Proceeds from sale of investment in				
	subsidiaries		16,345		-
C05800	Change in non-controlling interests		17,408	(	115,119)
C04020	Repayment of the principal portion of				
	lease liabilities	(	52,167)	(	<u>54,187</u> )
CCCC	Net cash used in financing activities	(	<u>107,533</u> )	(	613,257)
DDDD	Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash and cash equivalents	(	46,906)		81,303
EEEE	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents in the current period	(	217,019)	(	408,488)
E00100	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		1,720,354		2,128,842
E00200	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,503,335</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,720,354

(concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (With Deloitte & Touche auditors' report dated March 12, 2024)

Chairman: Kuo Wei-Wu	Manager: Kuo Wei-Wu	Accounting Manager: Hung Ya-Ching
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## K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

## For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

## (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

## 1. <u>General information</u>

K Laser Technology Inc. ("K Laser" or the "Company") was incorporated in Hsinchu Science Park in April 1988. Its main business activities include research and development, production, manufacturing, and sales of laser holographic packaging materials as well as import and export trade of optical instruments. The Company's shares were listed on the Taipei Exchange (TPEx) on December 9, 1999, and have subsequently been traded on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) since September 17, 2001.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are presented in the Company's functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

## 2. <u>Approval of financial statements</u>

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the board of directors on March 12, 2024.

## 3. <u>Application of new, amended and revised standards and</u> <u>interpretations</u>

 Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

Except as stated below, the application of the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have material impact on the Group's accounting policies:

## Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"

The amendments specify that the Group should refer to the definition of material to determine its material accounting policy information to be disclosed. Accounting policy information is material if it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of generalpurpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. The amendments also clarify that:

• Accounting policy information that relates to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions is immaterial and needs not

be disclosed;

- The Group may consider the accounting policy information as material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial; and
- Not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is in itself material.

The amendments also illustrate that accounting policy information is likely to be considered as material to the financial statements if that information relates to material transactions, other events or conditions and:

- a) The Group changed its accounting policy during the reporting period and this change resulted in a material change to the information in the financial statements;
- b) The Group chose the accounting policy from options permitted by the standards;
- c) The accounting policy was developed in accordance with IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" in the absence of an IFRS that specifically applies;
- d) The accounting policy relates to an area for which the Group is required to make significant judgments or assumptions in applying an accounting policy, and the Group discloses those judgments or assumptions; or
- e) The accounting is complex and users of the financial statements would rely on the information to understand those material transactions, other events or conditions.

Refer to Note 4 for the disclosures of relevant accounting policies.

### Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"

The Group has applied this amendment since January 1, 2023, which defines that accounting estimates are monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. In applying accounting policies, the Group may be required to measure items at monetary amounts that cannot be observed directly and must instead be estimated. In such a case, the Group uses measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates to achieve the objective. The effects on an accounting estimate of a change in a measurement technique or a change in an input are changes in accounting estimates unless they result from the correction of prior period errors.

<u>Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities</u> <u>arising from a Single Transaction"</u>

The amendments clarify that transactions generating the same amount of taxable and deductible temporary differences do not apply the initial recognition exemption in IAS 12. The Group applied this amendment to all taxable and deductible temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations on January 1, 2022 and recognized deferred tax assets (if it is probable that taxable income will be available for deduction of temporary differences) and deferred tax liabilities. Transactions other than leases and decommissioning obligations which occurred after January 1, 2022 are deferred from applying this amendment. When applying the amendments to IAS 12, the Group retrospectively adjusted comparative period information and the cumulative effect was recognized in retained earnings on January 1, 2022.

In accordance with pre-amended IAS 12, the impact of relevant line items and balances of the Group in 2023 were adjusted to the amended IAS 12 as follows:

### Impact of assets, liabilities and equity items on 2023

	December 31, 2023
Increase in deferred tax assets	<u>\$ 21,844</u>
Increase in assets	<u>\$ 21,844</u>
Increase in deferred tax liabilities	<u>\$ 21,844</u>
Increase in liabilities	<u>\$ 21,844</u>

On the initial application of amendments to IAS 12, the impact on 2022 was summarized as follows:

#### Impact of assets, liabilities and equity items on 2022

	Amount Before Restatement	Adjustment of Initial Application	Amount After Restatement
December 31, 2022 Deferred tax assets Impact on assets	<u>\$29,401</u> <u>\$29,401</u>	<u>\$ 23,265</u> <u>\$ 23,265</u>	<u>\$52,666</u> <u>\$52,666</u>
Deferred tax liabilities Impact on liabilities	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 23,265</u> <u>\$ 23,265</u>	<u>\$ 23,265</u> <u>\$ 23,265</u>
January 1, 2022 Deferred tax assets Impact on assets	<u>\$ 20,000</u> <u>\$ 20,000</u>	<u>\$ 30,409</u> <u>\$ 30,409</u>	<u>\$50,409</u> <u>\$50,409</u>
Deferred tax liabilities Impact on liabilities	<u>\$</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 30,409</u> <u>\$ 30,409</u>	\$ 30,409 \$ 30,409

#### (2) The IFRSs endorsed by the FSC with effective date starting 2024

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 16 "Lease Liability in a Sale and	January 1, 2024 (Note 2)
Leaseback"	-
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as	January 1, 2024
Current or Non-current"	
Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with	January 1, 2024
Covenants"	
Amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 "Supplier Finance	January 1, 2024 (Note 3)
Arrangements"	•

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: A seller-lessee shall apply the Amendments to IFRS 16 retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.
- Note 3: Exemption from certain disclosure requirements when this amendment is applied for the first time.

#### Amendments to IFRS 16 "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback"

The amendments clarify that the liability that arises from a sale and leaseback transaction - that satisfies the requirements for transfer of assets in IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" to be accounted for as a sale - is a lease liability to which IFRS 16 applies. However, if the lease in a leaseback includes variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate, the seller-lessee shall measure lease liabilities arising from a leaseback in a way that it does not recognize any amount of the gain or loss that relates to the right of use it retains. Seller-lessee subsequently recognizes in profit or loss the difference between the payments made for the lease and the lease payments that reduce the carrying amount of the lease liability.

Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent" (referred to as the "2020 amendments") and "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants" (referred to as the "2022 amendments")"

The 2020 amendments clarify that for a liability to be classified as noncurrent, the Group shall assess whether it has the right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. If such rights are in existence at the end of the reporting period, the liability is classified as non-current regardless of whether the Group will exercise that right.

The 2020 amendments also stipulate that, if the right to defer settlement is subject to compliance with specified conditions, the Group must comply with those conditions at the end of the reporting period even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date. The 2022 amendments further clarify that only covenants with which an entity is required to comply on or before the reporting date should affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current. Although the covenants to be complied with within twelve months after the reporting period do not affect the classification of a liability, the Group shall disclose information that enables users of financial statements to understand the risk of the Group that may have difficulty complying with the covenants and repay its liabilities within twelve months after the reporting period.

The 2020 amendments stipulate that, for the purpose of liability classification, the aforementioned settlement refers to a transfer of cash, other economic resources or the Group's own equity instruments to the counterparty that results in the extinguishment of the liability. However, if the terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by a transfer of the Group's own equity instruments, and if such option is recognized separately as equity in accordance with IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation", the aforementioned terms would not affect the classification of the liability.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the amendment of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

(3) The IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between An Investor and Its Associate or Joint	To be determined by IASB
Venture"	
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative Information"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 21 "Lack of Exchangeability"	January 1, 2025 (Note 2)

- Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.
- Note 2: Applicable for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. The Group recognizes any effect of initially applying the amendments as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. When the Group uses a nonfunctional currency as the presentation currency, the

adjustment will affect the translation differences in equity of foreign operations on the date of initial application.

Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"

The amendments stipulate that, when the Group sells or contributes assets that constitute a business to an associate or joint venture, the gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognized in full. Also, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary that contains a business but retains significant influence or joint control (under the definition of IFRS 3 Business Combinations), the gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognized in full.

Conversely, when the Group sells or contributes assets that do not constitute a business to an associate or joint venture, the gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognized only to the extent of the Group's interest as an unrelated investor in the associate or joint venture, i.e., the Group's share of the gain or loss is eliminated. Also, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary that does not contain a business but retains significant influence or joint control over an associate or a joint venture (not under the definition of IFRS 3 Business Combinations), the gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognized only to the extent of the Group's interest as an unrelated investor in the associate or joint venture, i.e., the Group's share of the gain or loss is eliminated.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact that the amendment of other standards and interpretations will have on the Group's financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

## 4. <u>Summary of material accounting policies</u>

(1) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and IFRSs as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair value.

The fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety,

which are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that can be obtained on measurement date;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.
- (3) Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being used for an exchange or used to settle a liability for more than twelve months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities expected to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Liabilities without an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

(4) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e., its subsidiaries). When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to align their accounting policies with those of the Group. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

See Note 13 and Tables 5 and 6 for detailed information on subsidiaries (including percentages of ownership and main businesses).

(5) Business combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. Acquisition-related costs are expensed and generally recognized in profit or loss as they are incurred.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interests in the acquiree over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

Non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitled their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are initially measured at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the recognized amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Other types of non-controlling interests are measured at fair value.

(6) Foreign currencies

In preparing the Group's consolidated financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the Company's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are converted at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or conversion are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are converted at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value is determined. Exchange differences arising from the conversion of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the conversion of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income; in which cases, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income (attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests as appropriate).

Non-monetary item denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost is stated at the reporting currency as originally converted from the foreign currency on the date of transaction and will not be re-converted.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the financial statements of the Company and its foreign operations including subsidiaries and associates in other countries that are prepared using functional currencies which are different from the currency of the Company are converted into the presentation currency, the New Taiwan dollar, as follows: Assets and liabilities are converted at exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; and income and expense items are converted at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency conversion differences are recognized in other

comprehensive income (attributed to the owners of the Company and noncontrolling interests as appropriate).

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e., a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving the loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operation attributable to the owners of Group are reclassified to profit or loss.

In a partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences is re-attributed to the non-controlling interests of the subsidiary and is not recognized in profit or loss. For all other partial disposals, the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

(7) Inventories

Inventories consist of merchandise, raw materials, finished goods and work in progress and are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The comparison between cost and net realizable value is based on individual item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. The net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded using the weighted-average cost method.

(8) Investments in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture.

The Group uses the equity method to account for its investments in associates. Under the equity method, investments in an associate are initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. The Group also recognizes the changes in the share of the equity of associates based on shareholding ratio.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of an associate at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is not amortized. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized as income for the current period. When the Group subscribes for additional new shares of an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Group's proportionate interest in the associate. The Group records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus - changes in capital surplus from investments in associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method. If the Group's ownership interest is reduced due to its additional subscription of the new shares of the associate, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate is reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required had the investee directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. When the adjustment should be debited to capital surplus, but the capital surplus recognized from investments accounted for using the equity method is insufficient, the shortage is debited to retained earnings.

When the Group's share of losses of an associate equals or exceeds its interest in that associate (which includes any carrying amount of the investment accounted for using the equity method and long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognizing its share of further loss, if any. Additional losses and liabilities are recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal obligations, or constructive obligations, or made payments on behalf of that associate.

The entire carrying amount of an investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

The Group discontinues the use of the equity method from the date on which its investment ceases to be an associate. Any retained investment is measured at fair value at that date, and the fair value is regarded as the investment's fair value on initial recognition as a financial asset. The difference between the previous carrying amount of the associate attributable to the retained interest and its fair value is included in the determination of gain or loss on disposal of the associate. The Group accounts for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate on the same basis as would be required had that associate directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the Group continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest. When the Group transacts with its associate, the profit and loss resulting from upstream and downstream transactions with the associate are recognized in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

(9) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

The depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. If the lease term is shorter than the expected useful life, it should account for depreciation during the lease term. The Group reviews the estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods at the end of each reporting period, with the effects of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

(10) Goodwill

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of a business is measured at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment loss.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units (referred to as "cash-generating units") that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired, by comparing its carrying amount, including the attributed goodwill, with its recoverable amount. However, if the goodwill allocated to a cash-generating unit was acquired in a business combination during the current annual period, that unit shall be tested for impairment before the end of the current annual period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then pro rata to the other assets of the unit based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss is recognized directly in profit or loss. Any impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods. If goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and the Group disposes of an operation within that unit, the goodwill associated with the operation which is disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal.

- (11) Intangible assets
  - 1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis over their useful lives. The estimated useful lives, residual values, and amortization methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in the estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are measured at cost less accumulated impairment loss.

2) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

(12) Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually and whenever there is an indication that the assets may be impaired.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the corresponding asset, cash-generating unit or assets related to contract costs is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized on the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years (less amortization or depreciation). A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(13) Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the non-current asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition. To meet the criteria for the sale being highly probable, the appropriate level of management must be committed to the sale, and the sale should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within 1 year from the date of classification.

(14) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

1. Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

(1) Type of measurement categories

The Group's financial assets are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost and investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI.

A. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such financial assets are mandatorily classified or designated as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI and debt instruments that do not meet the amortized cost criteria or the FVTOCI criteria.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value and any remeasurement gains and losses on such financial assets (including dividends and interests) are recognized in other gains and losses. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 31.

B. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial assets are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents and trade receivables at amortized cost are measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of such a financial asset, except for:

- i) Purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset, for which interest income is calculated by applying the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets; and
- ii) Financial asset that is not credit impaired on purchase or origination but has subsequently become credit impaired, for which interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of such financial assets in subsequent reporting periods.

A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more of the following events have occurred:

- i) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- ii) Breach of contract, such as a default;
- iii)It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or undergo a financial reorganization; or
- iv)The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturities within 3 months from the date of acquisition or between 3 to 12 months from the date of acquisition, which are highly liquid, readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. These cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

C. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

(2) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables).

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for trade receivables. For all other financial

instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

For internal credit risk management purposes, the Group considers the following situations as indication that a financial asset is in default (without taking into account any collateral held by the Group):

- i. Internal or external information shows that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors.
- ii. Financial asset that is past due, unless the Group has reasonable and corroborative information to support a more lagged default criterion.

The impairment loss of all financial assets is recognized in profit or loss by a reduction in their carrying amounts through a loss allowance account.

(3) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss. 2. Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issuance costs.

The repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issuance or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

- 3. Financial liabilities
  - (1) Subsequent measurement

Except the following situations, all financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method:

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL when such financial liabilities are either held for trading or are designated as at FVTPL. Financial liabilities held for trading are stated at fair value, and any remeasurement gains or losses on such financial liabilities are recognized in other gains or losses.

(2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

4. Convertible bonds

The component parts of compound instruments (i.e., convertible bonds) issued by the Group are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

On initial recognition, the fair value of the liability component is estimated using the prevailing market interest rate for similar nonconvertible instruments. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortized cost basis using the effective interest method until extinguished upon conversion or upon the instrument's maturity date. Any embedded derivative liability is measured at fair value. The conversion option classified as equity is determined by deducting the amount of the liability component from the fair value of the compound instrument as a whole. This is recognized and included in equity, net of income tax effects, and is not subsequently remeasured. In addition, the conversion option classified as equity will remain in equity until the conversion option is exercised; in which case, the balance recognized in equity will be transferred to capital surplus - share premiums. When the conversion option remains unexercised at maturity, the balance recognized in equity will be transferred to capital surplus - share premiums.

(15) Liability provisions

The amount is measured at the best estimate of the discounted cash flows of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. The provision for liabilities is based on the discounted value of estimated cash flows for settlement of obligations.

(16) Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers, allocates the transaction price to the performance obligations and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

### Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of holographic, optical instruments and optoelectronic products. Sales of goods are recognized as revenue when the goods are shipped or delivered to the place designated by the customers, because it is the time when the customer has control over the goods and the performance obligation is satisfied.

The Group does not recognize revenue on materials delivered to subcontractors because this delivery does not involve a transfer of control.

#### (17) Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

1. The Group as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

When the Group subleases a right-of-use asset, the sublease is

classified by reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. However, if the head lease is a short-term lease that the Group, as a lessee, has accounted for applying recognition exemption, the sublease is classified as an operating lease.

Lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

2. The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for shortterm leases and low-value asset leases accounted for by applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, which comprise fixed payments, in-substance fixed payments, variable lease payments which depend on an index or a rate, amount expected to be paid by the lessee under residual value guarantee, the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and payments of penalties for terminating a lease if the lease term reflects such termination, less any lease incentives receivable. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate will be used.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in lease term, residual value of guarantees, purchase options for leased assets, or indices or rates used to determine lease payments result in changes in future lease payments, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

(18) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to an acquisition of qualifying assets are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

Other than those stated above, all other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(19) Government grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants related to income are recognized in other income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes as expenses the related costs that the grants intend to compensate.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are received.

(20) Employee benefits

1. Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2. Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are

recognized as expenses when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under defined benefit retirement plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost (including prior service cost) and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period in which they occur or when the plan amendment or curtailment occurs. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, changes in asset ceiling and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

Net defined benefit liabilities (assets) represent the actual deficit (surplus) in the Group's defined benefit plans. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

3. Other long-term employee benefits

Other long-term employee benefits are accounted for in the same way as the accounting required for defined benefit plans except that remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss.

(21) Share-based payment arrangements

The fair value at the grant date of the employee share options/restricted shares for employees is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's best estimates of the number of shares or options that are expected to ultimately vest, with a corresponding adjustment in capital surplus - employee share options/other equity unearned employee benefits. The expense is recognized in full at the grant date if the grants are vested immediately.

When restricted shares for employees are issued, other equity - unearned employee benefits is recognized on the grant date, with a corresponding adjustment in capital surplus - restricted shares for employees.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of employee share options that are expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expenses reflect the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to capital surplus - employee share options/other equity - unearned employee benefits.

### (22) Treasury shares

When the Group buys back its shares as treasury shares, the cost of payment is debited to the treasury shares and recognized as a reduction in shareholders' equity. The transfer of treasury shares to employees is in accordance with IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment". When canceling treasury shares, credit treasury shares and debit capital surplus - share premium and share capital according to the proportion of ownership. If the carrying amount of the treasury shares is higher than the sum of the face value and share premium, the difference is offset against the capital surplus generated by the same type of treasury shares. If there is not enough, it will be debited from retained earnings. Conversely, the difference is credited to the capital surplus generated by the same type of treasury share transactions. The carrying amount of treasury shares is calculated using the weighted-average method.

### (23) Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1. Current tax

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders in their meeting approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused loss carryforwards to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates and interests in joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and such temporary differences are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the assets to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and the carrying amount is increased to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liabilities are settled or the assets are realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3. Current and deferred taxes

Current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity; in which case, the current and deferred taxes are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

## 5. <u>Material accounting judgments and key sources of estimation</u> <u>uncertainty</u>

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimations, and assumptions based on historical experience and other relevant factors that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Group considers the possible impact of cash flows, growth rates, discount rates, profitability, etc. when making its material accounting estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis by the management.

# Key sources of estimation uncertainty - impairment of property, plant and equipment

Impairment of equipment in relation to production is evaluated based on the recoverable amount of assets, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Any changes in market prices will affect the recoverable amount of assets and may lead to the recognition of additional impairment losses or the reversal of impairment losses.

### 6. <u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash on hand and revolving funds Bank checks and demand deposits	\$ 27,413 1,203,728	\$ 30,142 1,362,052
Cash equivalents		
Time deposits	272,194	328,160
	<u>\$1,503,335</u>	<u>\$1,720,354</u>

(1) The market rate intervals of bank deposits on the balance sheet date were as follows (the interest rate for checking deposits was 0%):

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Demand deposits	0.001%-1.45%	0.001%-1.05%
Time deposits	0.002%-5.65%	0.002%-4.65%

(2) Other bank deposits of the Group were reclassified as other current assets and other non-current assets as follows:

	Decen	nber 31, 2023	Decen	nber 31, 2022
Other current assets (Note 19) Guarantee deposits for bank acceptances Guarantee deposits for issuance of corporate	\$	151,410	\$	158,987
issuance of corporate bonds		120,000		-
Bank's short-term loan guarantee Guarantee deposits for research and		5,220		83,569
development grant program	<u>\$</u>	4,403 281,033	\$	<u>11,958</u> 254,514
Other non-current assets (Note 19) Guarantee deposits for				
land lease of Hsinchu Science Park Custom duty deposits Guarantee deposits for	\$	5,000 2,601	\$	5,000 2,646
implementation of project plan		-		2,000
Bank's long-term loan guarantee Guarantee deposits for		-		58,349
issuance of corporate bonds	\$	7,601	<u>\$</u>	189,368 257,363

# 7. Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL		
Derivatives (not under hedge accounting) Redemption right of convertible bonds (Note		
21)	\$ 407	\$ 315
Non-derivative financial assets Limited partnership	55,386	-
Hybrid financial assets Corporate bonds Financial assets at FVTPL	<u>6,731</u> <u>\$62,524</u>	<u>6,161</u> <u>\$6,476</u>
Current Non-current	407     62,117     \$ 62,524	315 <u>6,161</u> <u>\$ 6,476</u>
Financial liabilities held for trading - non-current		
Derivatives (not under hedge accounting) Convertible option of corporate bonds (Note 21)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$   1,366</u>
Financial assets at amortized o	cost	
Current	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months	<u>\$ 4,267</u>	<u>\$</u>
Non-current Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months	\$ <u>7,183</u>	\$ -
montais	<u>\$ 7,185</u>	<u> </u>

# 9. <u>Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income</u>

Investments in equity instruments

8.

	Decem	ber 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Non-current				
Domestic investments - unlisted				
shares				
CDIB Capital Healthcare				
Ventures Corporation	\$	32,856	\$	33,317
Aether Precision Technology				
Inc.		-		1,673
Foreign investments - unlisted				
shares				
Dongguan City Guang Zhi				
Optoelectronic Co., Ltd.		54,775		51,256
Foodfab Group Limited		_		5,615
	<u>\$</u>	87,631	<u>\$</u>	91,861

These investments in shares of the above companies are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes and the Group expects to make profit in the long term. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

### 10. <u>Notes receivable and trade receivables</u>

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
<u>Notes receivable</u> At amortized cost Gross carrying amount	<u>\$ 158,679</u>	<u>\$ 136,977</u>
<u>Trade receivables</u> At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: loss allowance	\$ 1,498,026 ( <u>72,587</u> ) <u>\$ 1,425,439</u>	\$ 1,325,028 ( <u>72,726</u> ) <u>\$ 1,252,302</u>
Overdue receivables Overdue receivables Less: loss allowance		\$ 7,705 ( <u>7,705</u> ) <u>\$ -</u>

(1) Notes receivable

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's notes receivable were not overdue.

(2) Trade receivables

The average credit period on sales of goods is 90 to 150 days after month-end close. No interest was charged on accounts receivable. The Group continues to monitor its exposure and credit ratings of counterparties. In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that followup action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the year to ensure that adequate allowance is made for possible irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the management believes the Group's credit risk was significantly reduced.

The Group's historical experience of credit losses shows that the assessment of expected losses varies among subsidiaries in different regions and also differs for customers in different industries. Therefore, the provision matrix applies different expected credit loss rates based on different regions, industries, and the number of days overdue/terms of accounts receivable.

The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. When recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables based on the Group's provision matrix:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Not overdue	\$ 1,134,172	\$ 1,036,875
1 to 60 days	211,568	175,547
61 to 90 days	43,253	35,043
91 to 180 days	62,087	36,787
181 to 360 days	10,773	5,334
Over 361 days	36,173	35,442
Total	<u>\$ 1,498,026</u>	<u>\$1,325,028</u>

The movements of the loss allowance of trade receivables were as follows:

	2023			2022
Balance at January 1	\$	72,726	\$	106,588
Add: Provision for expected				
credit loss		3,809		2,343
Less: Amounts written off	(	2,741)	(	37,114)
Foreign exchange gains and				
losses	(	1,207)		909
Balance at December 31	<u>\$</u>	72,587	<u>\$</u>	72,726

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, overdue receivables in which the counterparties have been under liquidation or experiencing financial difficulties amounted to \$7,705 thousand. The Group has gone through legal procedures to collect the overdue receivables and set aside an allowance for bad debts.

### 11. Inventories

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Finished goods	\$ 819,551	\$ 833,859	
Work in process	58,713	50,996	
Raw materials	426,552	441,770	
Merchandise	80,803	146,549	
	<u>\$1,385.619</u>	<u>\$1,473,174</u>	

Details of cost of goods sold are as follows:

	2023	2022
Cost of inventory sold	\$ 4,476,659	\$ 5,232,998
(Reversal of) loss from		
inventory write-down and		
obsolescence	( <u>6,464</u> )	32,150
	<u>\$4,470,195</u>	<u>\$5,265,148</u>

The reversal of net realizable value in 2023 was due to the disposal of some inventories.

### 12. <u>Non-current assets held for sale</u>

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Foreign investment -		
Boxlight Corporation	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 6,735</u>

The Group disposed of the investment after a resolution was passed by the board of directors and conducted an impairment assessment in accordance with relevant accounting policies. As the carrying amount was less than its fair value, it was reclassified as non-current assets held for sale and presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

In 2022, the Group had performed an impairment assessment on the abovementioned equity investment in accordance with relevant accounting policies and recognized a loss of \$5,150 thousand, which was recognized under impairment loss.

## 13. <u>Subsidiaries</u>

(1) Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements

# The subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

			Proportion of December	December
Investor	Investee	Nature of Activities	31, 2023	31, 2022
The Company	K Laser International Co., Ltd.	Reinvestment business	100%	100%
The Company	K Laser China Group Co., Ltd.	Reinvestment business	100%	100%
The Company	Optivision Technology Inc. (Note 1)	R&D and manufacturing of precision optical components	44%	45%
The Company	Insight Medical Solutions Inc.	R&D and sales of gastrointestinal endoscopy and other businesses	44%	41%
The Company	Guang Feng International Ltd.	Reinvestment business	100%	100%
The Company and K Laser China Group Holding Co., Limited	iWin Technology Co., Ltd.	Reinvestment company	100%	100%
K Laser International Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (Korea) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	100%	100%
K Laser International Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	83%	83%
K Laser International Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (USA) Co., Ltd.	Sales of holographic products	80%	80%
K Laser International Co., Ltd.	Amagic Technologies U.S.A. (Dubai)	Sales agent for holographic products	100%	100%
K Laser International Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology Japan Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	70%	70%
K Laser International Co., Ltd.	Amagic Holographics India Private Limited	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	100%	100%
K Laser China Group Co., Ltd.	K Laser China Group Holding Co., Limited	Reinvestment company	93.78%	93.78%
K Laser China Group Holding Co., Limited	K Laser Technology (Hongkong) Co., Ltd.	Sales agent for holographic products	100%	100%
K Laser China Group Holding Co., Limited	Holomagic Co., Ltd.	Reinvestment company	100%	100%
K Laser China Group Holding Co., Limited	Top Band Investment Limited	Reinvestment company	100%	100%
Holomagic Co., Ltd	Treasure Access Limited	Reinvestment company	100%	100%
Top Band Investment Limited	Union Bloom Limited	Reinvestment	100%	100%
Optivision Technology Inc.	Bright Triumph Limited	Reinvestment	100%	100%
Bright Triumph Limited	Ningbo Optivision Technology Co., Ltd.	Optical film processing	100%	100%
Treasure Access Limited	K Laser Technology (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	100%	100%
Treasure Access Limited	Hunan Herui Laser Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	49%	49%
Treasure Access Limited	Jiangsu Sunderray Laser Packing Material Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	65%	65%
(continued)		products		

(continued)

			Proportion o	f Ownership
Investor	Investee	Nature of Activities	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Jiangsu Sunderray Laser	Jiangyin Terryda Packing Technology	Manufacture and	100%	<u> </u>
Packing Material Co., Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	sales of holographic products	100%	100%
Union Bloom Limited	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	100%	100%
Union Bloom Limited	K Laser Technology (Nanchang) Co., Ltd. (Note 2)	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	100%	-
K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Zunyi Guangqun Laser Packaging Technology Co., Ltd. (Note 3)	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	91.07%	-
iWin Technology Co., Ltd.	Finity Laboratories	Research and development of holographic technology	Liquidated	100%
Insight Medical Solutions Inc.	Glory Group Medical (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	R&D and sales of gastrointestinal endoscopy and other businesses	100%	100%
K Laser Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd. (concluded)	K Laser Technology (Indonesia) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	70%	70%
(concluded)				

- Note 1: The equity held in Optivision Technology Inc. already considered the impact of buy-back of treasury shares.
- Note 2: K Laser Technology (Nanchang) Co., Ltd. was established on March 6, 2023. It is mainly engaged in the manufacturing and sales of holographic products.
- Note 3: Zunyi Guangqun Laser Packaging Technology Co., Ltd. was established on May 24, 2023. It is mainly engaged in the manufacturing and sales of holographic products.

Among the subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements, we did not audit the financial statements of K Laser Technology (Hongkong) Co., Ltd. and Amagic Technologies U.S.A (Dubai) for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022; they were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the total assets of these subsidiaries amounted to NT\$254,203 thousand and NT\$248,563 thousand, respectively; for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the net operating revenue of these subsidiaries amounted to NT\$281,204 thousand and NT\$237,024 thousand, respectively.

(2) Details of subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests

		Proportion of Ownership and		
		Voting Rights (Note)		
	Principal Place of	December 31,	December 31,	
Name of Subsidiary	Business	2023	2022	
<b>Optivision Technology</b>	Hsinchu City	56%	55%	
Inc.				

Note: Already considered the impact of buy-back of treasury shares.

	· · ·	Allocated to ling Interests		Non-controlling rests
Name of Subsidiary Optivision	2023	2022	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Technology Inc.	( <u>\$ 166,239</u> )	( <u>\$ 169,178</u> )	<u>\$ 373,226</u>	<u>\$ 529,258</u>

The summarized financial information below represents amounts before intragroup eliminations:

	<b>Optivision</b>	Technology	Inc. and	subsidiaries
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Current assets Non-current assets Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Equity	$\begin{array}{r c c} \hline December 31, 2023 \\ \hline \$ & 564,975 \\ & 549,591 \\ ( & 404,957 ) \\ ( & 50,128 ) \\ \hline \$ & 659,481 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r c} \hline \text{December 31, 2022} \\ \hline \$ & 596,656 \\ & 542,701 \\ ( & 182,224 ) \\ ( & 1,829 ) \\ \hline \$ & 955,304 \end{array}$
Operating revenue	2023 <u>\$ 721,020</u>	2022 <u>\$ 953,035</u>
Net loss from continuing operations Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	(\$ 298,604) (298,604)	$(\frac{\$}{304,706})$ (304,706)
(loss) for the year Total comprehensive loss for the year	<u>2,208</u> ( <u>\$296,396</u> )	$(\underline{12,716})$ $(\underline{\$ 317,422})$
Cash inflow (outflow) from Operating activities Investing activities Financing activities Foreign exchange	(\$ 308,733) ( 19,145) 179,502	\$ 162,897 ( 348,221) ( 302,501)
differences Net cash outflow	$(\underline{1,164})$ $(\underline{\$ 149,540})$	$(\frac{1,931}{\$ 485,894})$

# 14. <u>Investments accounted for using the equity method</u>

(1) Investments in associates

			December 31, 2023		December 3	1, 2022
Name of Associate	Nature of Activities	Principal Place of Business	Carrying Amount	Proport ion of Owners hip (%)	Carrying Amount	Proport ion of Owners hip (%)
Immaterial associates						
Vicome Corp.	Manufacture, processing and trading of fluorescent pigments and dyes	Yunlin County	\$ 158,252	30	\$ 153,302	30
Guang Feng (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sale of optical instruments	Mainland China	25,522	45	31,812	45
Foshan Donglin Packaging Material Co., Ltd.	Production of cigarette packaging materials and extended products	Mainland China	-	(Note 1)	23,756	25
Hunan Hexin Packaging Material Co., Ltd. (Note 2)	Production, processing and sales of film and cigarette packs, and the segmentation of cigarette papers	Mainland China	211,472	49	227,479	49
CIO Tech Ltd.	Investment holding	Cayman Islands	<u>14,163</u> <u>\$ 409,409</u>	22	<u> </u>	22

- Note 1: Foshan Donglin Packaging Material Co., Ltd. had completed its liquidation in October 2023.
- Note 2: In response to the adjustment to the Group's organizational structure, K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. transferred its investment in Hunan Hexin Packaging Material Co., Ltd. directly to Treasure Access Limited in December 2023.
- (2) Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material

	2023		2022		
The Group's share of:					
Profit (loss) from					
continuing					
operations	(\$	6,603)	\$	5,562	
Other comprehensive					
income (loss)	(	1,428)		4,415	
Total comprehensive					
income (loss) for the					
year	( <u>\$</u>	8,031)	<u>\$</u>	9,977	

The Group's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income or loss accounted for using the equity method in 2023 and 2022 were recognized based on the audited financial statements of the associates for the same periods. We did not audit the financial statements of certain associates, but such statements were audited by other auditors. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the amounts of investments in equity-method associates were NT\$158,252 thousand and NT\$153,302 thousand, respectively; for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the share of profit of equity-method associates amounted to NT\$13,027 thousand and NT\$16,984 thousand, respectively.

# 15. <u>Property, plant and equipment</u>

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Land	\$ 389,234	\$ 388,415
Buildings	359,710	397,688
Machinery equipment	519,341	501,385
Other equipment	300,967	324,948
Unfinished construction and		
equipment	130,367	71,719
	<u>\$1,699,619</u>	<u>\$1,684,155</u>

	Land	Buildings	Machinery Equipment	Other Equipment	Unfinished Construction and Equipment	Total
Cost Balance at January 1, 2023 Additions Disposals Reclassification Net foreign exchange differences Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 390,961 - - - 810 <u>\$ 391,771</u>	\$1,051,453 8,805 (14,828) - ( <u>9,161</u> ) <u>\$1,036,269</u>	\$2,084,523 91,959 (118,139) 47,962 ( <u>23,439</u> ) <u>\$2,082,596</u>	\$ 910,329 46,207 ( 34,938) 41,444 ( <u>8,588</u> ) <u>\$ 954,454</u>	\$ 71,719 152,284 ( 2,576) ( 89,136) ( 1,924) <u>\$ 130,367</u>	\$4,508,985 299,255 ( 170,481 ) - ( <u>42,302</u> ) <u>\$4,595,457</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment Balance at January 1, 2023 Depreciation expenses Impairment losses Disposals Reclassification Net foreign exchange differences Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 2,546 - - ( <u>9</u> ) <u>\$ 2,537</u>	\$ 653,765 29,631 ( 1,788) - ( <u>5,049</u> ) <u>\$ 676,559</u>	\$1,583,138 82,282 10,106 ( 101,593 ) 5,732 ( <u>16,410</u> ) <u>\$1,563,255</u>	\$ 585,381 75,336 28,976 ( 25,911) ( 5,732) ( <u>4,563</u> ) <u>\$ 653,487</u>	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2,824,830 187,249 39,082 (129,292) - (-26,031) $\underline{22,895,838}$
Carrying amount at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 389,234</u>	<u>\$ 359,710</u>	<u>\$ 519,341</u>	<u>\$ 300,967</u>	<u>\$ 130,367</u>	<u>\$1,699,619</u>
Cost Balance at January 1, 2022 Additions Disposals Reclassification Net foreign exchange differences Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 92,515 263,049 29,000 <u>6,397</u> <u>\$ 390,961</u>	\$1,236,136 16,992 (221,326) 1,467 <u>18,184</u> <u>\$1,051,453</u>	\$1,983,501 155,647 ( 86,363 ) 6,189 <u>25,549</u> <u>\$2,084,523</u>	\$ 769,036 94,765 ( 58,166 ) 95,720 <u>8,974</u> <u>\$ 910,329</u>	\$ 98,335 58,937 ( 86,507) 504 <u>\$ 71,719</u>	\$4,179,523 589,390 ( 365,855 ) 46,319 <u>59,608</u> <u>\$4,508,985</u>

(continued)

		Land	E	Buildings		achinery juipment	E	Other quipment	Constr ar	nished ruction nd oment		Total
Accumulated depreciation and impairment												
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	2,551	\$	753,527	¢ 1	,480,863	\$	553,213	\$		¢	2,790,154
Depreciation	φ	2,331	φ	155,521	φı	,400,805	φ	555,215	φ	-	φ.	2,790,154
expenses		-		41,773		90,193		67,674		-		199,640
Impairment losses		-		-		85,671		2,561		-		88,232
Disposals		-	(	150,217)	(	76,906)	(	56,560)		-	(	283,683)
Reclassification		-	Ì	-	Ì	15,259)	Ì	12,763		-	Ì	2,496)
Net foreign exchange												
differences	(	5)		8,682		18,576		5,730		-		32,983
Balance at December												
31, 2022	\$	2,546	<u>\$</u>	653,765	<u>\$1</u>	,583,138	\$	585,381	\$		<u>\$</u> 2	2,824,830
Carrying amount at December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	<u>388,415</u>	<u>\$</u>	397,688	<u>\$</u>	<u>501,385</u>	<u>\$</u>	324,948	<u>\$ 7</u>	<u>'1,719</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,684,155
(concluded)												

(1) The Group's property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings	
Housing and construction	25 to 50 years
Ancillary equipment	2 to 10 years
Machinery equipment	2 to 10 years
Other equipment	2 to 11 years

(2) On December 31, 2023 and 2022, the following property, plant, and equipment of the Group were pledged to banks as guarantee for loans:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Land	\$ 64,499	\$ 63,955
Housing and construction	158,669	171,117
-	<u>\$ 223,168</u>	<u>\$ 235,072</u>

- (3) The board of directors of Optivision Technology Inc. approved the purchase of land on November 9, 2021; the total transaction price amounted to \$290,000 thousand. As of December 31, 2021, \$29,000 thousand had been repaid which was classified as other non-current assets. The abovementioned land was paid in full and transferred in June 2022, and reclassified as property, plant and equipment.
- (4) In January 2022, the board of directors resolved to dispose of property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets of K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.; the sales price was RMB100,000 thousand (tax inclusive). The abovementioned property, plant and equipment, and right-of-use assets were transferred in November 2022 and leased back for immediate use. Refer to Note 16 for more detailed information on lease agreements.

(5) The Group assessed that the future economic benefits of some machinery equipment and other equipment had decreased, resulting in the recoverable amount to be less than the carrying amount. This assessment led to the recognition of impairment loss on property, plant and equipment of \$39,082 thousand and \$88,232 thousand in 2023 and 2022, respectively, of which the impairment loss of Optivision Technology Inc. amounted to \$37,162 thousand and \$78,335 thousand, respectively. The recoverable amount of the aforementioned equipment was determined based on asset's fair value less costs of disposal. The fair value is determined using market approach and cost approach. The main assumptions include estimated sales price, economic depreciation, functional and physical depreciation, as well as Level 2 and 3 of fair value measurements.

### 16. Lease arrangements

(1) Right-of-use assets

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Carrying amount		
Land	\$ 257,966	\$ 227,315
Buildings	132,153	55,739
Machinery equipment	4,475	5,351
Transportation equipment	13,248	4,620
	<u>\$ 407,842</u>	<u>\$ 293,025</u>
	2023	2022
Additions to right-of-use assets	<u>\$ 189,807</u>	<u>\$ 46,930</u>
Depreciation charge for right-		
of-use assets		
Land	\$ 15,641	\$ 15,125
Buildings	45,617	37,135
Machinery equipment	1,881	1,870
Transportation equipment	5,058	3,945
	<u>\$ 68,197</u>	<u>\$ 58,075</u>

Except for the above additions and depreciation charge, there was no significant sublease or impairment of the Group's right-of-use assets for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

(2) Lease liabilities

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Carrying amount Current Non-current	<u>\$61,906</u> <u>\$210,396</u>	<u>\$ 39,733</u> <u>\$ 153,231</u>

Range of discount rate for lease liabilities was as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Land	1.5%-3.63%	1.5%-3.63%
Buildings	1.45%-5.5%	1.45%-5.5%
Machinery equipment	1.5%-2%	1.5%
Transportation equipment	1.2%-3.31%	1.5%-1.85%

### (3) Material lease activities and terms

In order to revitalize assets and strengthen the financial structure of the Group, the right-of-use assets (land use rights), houses and buildings of K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. located in Dalingshan Town, Dongguan City were sold to non-related parties in November 2022 for RMB100,000 thousand (tax inclusive); they will be leased back for 2 years. The annual lease payment of RMB9,600 thousand was included in the sales price. The Group calculated the rights transferred to non-related parties according to the leaseback ratio and recognized \$15,154 thousand (RMB3,441 thousand) of right-of-use assets, \$281,814 thousand (RMB63,995 thousand) of gain on leaseback transactions, \$50,293 thousand (RMB11,421 thousand) of land value-added tax and 15% of corporate income tax.

### (4) Other lease information

	2023	2022
Expenses relating to short- term leases Expenses relating to low-	<u>\$ 24,770</u>	<u>\$ 24,664</u>
value asset leases	<u>\$ 254</u>	<u>\$ 295</u>
Total cash outflow for leases	( <u>\$ 82,919</u> )	( <u>\$ 84,539</u> )

The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption for shortterm leases and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

On December 31, 2023 and 2022, the following right-of-assets of the Group had been pledged to banks as collateral for borrowings and issuance of bank acceptances:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Land	<u>\$ 4,566</u>	<u>\$ 4,806</u>

### 17. <u>Goodwill</u>

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
<u>Cost</u> Balance at January 1 Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 85,752</u> <u>\$ 85,752</u>	<u>\$ 85,752</u> <u>\$ 85,752</u>
Accumulated impairment losses Balance at January 1 Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 43,028</u> <u>\$ 43,028</u>	\$ 43,028 \$ 43,028
Carrying amount at December 31	<u>\$ 42,724</u>	<u>\$ 42,724</u>

The recoverable amount of Insight Medical Solutions Inc. was determined based on value in use calculation that used the cash flow projections in the financial budgets approved by management covering a 5-year period and calculated using an annual discount rate of 15.7%. The cash flows beyond that 5-year period have been extrapolated using a 2% per annum growth rate. Other key assumptions included budgeted revenue and budgeted gross margin. Such assumptions were based on the past performance of cash-generating unit and management's expectations of market development.

### 18. Other intangible assets

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
<u>Carrying amount</u> Computer software Professional expertise	\$ 3,239 <u>32,540</u> <u>\$ 35,779</u>	\$ 2,692 <u>35,498</u> <u>\$ 38,190</u>
	2023	2022
Cost		
Balance at January 1 Additions	\$ 71,398 2,357	\$ 69,799 1,624
Disposals	( 530)	( 26)
Net foreign exchange differences Balance et December 21	$(\underline{1})$	<u>1</u> • 71 208
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 73,224</u>	<u>\$ 71,398</u>
Accumulated amortization and impairment		
Balance at January 1	\$ 33,208	\$ 27,492
Amortization expenses	4,768	5,740
Disposals	( 530)	( 26)
Net foreign exchange differences	( 1)	2
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 37,445</u>	<u>\$ 33,208</u>

Other intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer software	2 to 5 years
Professional expertise	15 years

### 19. Other assets

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Residual income tax	\$ 32,855	\$ 33,634
Prepayments	234,872	194,674
Refundable deposits	46,087	31,110
Restricted assets (Note 6)	288,634	511,877
Others	65,485	62,579
	<u>\$ 667,933</u>	<u>\$ 833,874</u>
Current	\$ 455,520	\$ 419,024
Non-current	212,413	414,850
	<u>\$ 667,933</u>	<u>\$ 833,874</u>

### 20. Borrowings

### (1) Short-term borrowings

	December	r 31, 2023	December	31, 2022
	Interest Rate	Amount	Interest Rate	Amount
Bank loans	1.85%-3.85%	\$ 506,251	1.41%-3.95%	\$ 387,304
Line of credit				
borrowings	0.58%-6.93%	108,055	0.72%-6.09%	23,573
Bank secured loans	3.60%-4.47%	41,469	1.67%-3.60%	103,060
		\$ 655,77 <u>5</u>		\$ <u>513,937</u>

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, a portion of the Group's bank loans was guaranteed by the Company, and some of them were jointly guaranteed by Mr. Kuo Wei-Wu and Mr. Kuo Wei-Pin, who are the chairman and director of the Company, respectively.

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group's loans from banks were secured by deposits, land and buildings; refer to Note 33.

### (2) Short-term bills payable

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Commercial papers	\$ 50,000	\$ 100,000
Less: Discounts on short-term		
bills payable	(8)	( <u>21</u> )
	<u>\$ 49,992</u>	<u>\$ 99,979</u>

Outstanding short-term bills payable were as follows:

## December 31, 2023

Promissory Institution	Nominal Amount	Discount Amount	Carrying Amount	Interest Rate
<u>Commercial papers</u> China Bills Finance Corporation	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$8</u>	<u>\$ 49,992</u>	1.828%
December 31, 2022				
	Nominal	Discount	Carrying	
Promissory Institution	Amount	Amount	Amount	Interest Rate
<u>Promissory Institution</u> <u>Commercial papers</u> International Bills Finance Corporation	Amount	Amount \$ 10	• •	Interest Rate

# (3) Long-term borrowings

	Decem	ber 31, 2023	Decemb	per 31, 2022
	Interest		Interest	
	Rate (%)	Amount	Rate (%)	Amount
Secured loans				
Hua Nan Commercial Bank				
Mortgage loan, interest is paid				
monthly from September 2021				
to September 2023 and principal				
is paid upon maturity, 2 years				
extension of repayment period				
from September 2022 and				
October 2023, expiration date is				
October 2025. Portion of the				
loan was repaid in September				
2023.	1.82	\$ 480,000	1.53	\$ 494,000
MEGA ICBC				
Mortgage loan, period is from				
November 2022 to November				
2027. Principal and interest are				
repaid monthly from May 2024.	4.47	11,646	3.23	11,548
MEGA ICBC				
Mortgage loan, period is from				
December 2022 to December				
2027. Principal and interest are				
repaid monthly from May 2024.	4.47	3,038	3.35	3,012
O-Bank				
Mortgage loan, interest is paid				
monthly from October 2022 to				
November 2024 and principal				
is paid upon maturity. It was				
fully repaid in May 2023.	-	-	1.85	50,000

(continued)

	December 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
	Interest Rate (%)	Amount	Interest Rate (%)	Amount
Unsecured loans				
Mega Bank				
Credit loan, interest is paid				
monthly from December 2023 to November 2025 and				
principal is paid upon maturity.	1.90	\$ 30,000	_	\$ -
Far Eastern Bank	1.90	φ 50,000		ψ
Credit loan, interest is paid				
monthly from March 2023 to				
November 2025 and principal				
is paid upon maturity.	1.98	20,000	-	-
Cathay United Bank				
Credit loan, interest is paid				
monthly from January 2021 to				
October 2022 and principal is				
paid upon maturity, extension of repayment period from				
November 2021, November				
2022 and November 2023,				
expiration date is November				
2025. Portion of the loan was				
repaid in September 2023.	1.89	120,000	1.77	150,000
KGI Bank				
Credit loan, interest is paid				
monthly from September 2023				
to June 2025 and principal is	1.00	50.000		
paid upon maturity. Yuanta Commercial Bank	1.98	50,000	-	-
Credit loan, interest is paid				
monthly from August 2023 to				
July 2025 and principal is paid				
in full upon maturity.	1.86-1.9	80,000	-	-
Shin Kong Bank		,		
Credit loan, interest is paid				
monthly from December 2023				
to November 2025 and				
principal is paid upon maturity.	1.86	100,000	-	-
JihSun Bank				
Credit loan, interest is paid monthly from June 2022 to				
November 2023 and principal				
is paid upon maturity, 2 years				
extension of repayment period				
from December 2022,				
expiration date is December				
2024. It was fully repaid in				
February 2023.	-	-	1.78	50,000
CTBC Bank				
Credit loan, interest is paid				
monthly from June 2022 to				
August 2023 and principal is paid upon maturity, 2 years				
extension of repayment period				
from August 2022, expiration				
date is August 2022, explication				
fully repaid in April 2023.	-	-	1.77	50,000

	Decem	nber 31, 2023	Decem	nber 31, 2022
	Interest		Interest	
	Rate (%)	Amount	Rate (%)	Amount
O-Bank				
Credit loan, interest is paid				
monthly from November 2021				
to November 2023 and principal				
is paid upon maturity, 2 years				
extension of repayment period				
from 2022, expiration date is				
November 2024. It was fully				
repaid in February 2023.	-	\$	- 1.81	\$ 50,000
Less: Long-term borrowings due				
within 1 year		(2,73	<u>2</u> )	
		\$ 891,95	2	<u>\$ 858,560</u>

#### (concluded)

The abovementioned long-term loans were jointly guaranteed by Mr. Kuo Wei-Wu, the chairman of the Company. The loans from Hua Nan Commercial Bank, O-Bank and Mega ICBC were secured by deposits, land and buildings; refer to Note 33.

The loans from Cathay United Bank, CTBC Bank and KGI Bank are subject to specific financial ratios during the loan period as follows:

- 1. Current ratio (the ratio of current assets to current liabilities) should not be less than 100%.
- 2. Debt ratio (the ratio of total liabilities excluding cash and cash equivalents to tangible net worth) should not be higher than 100% to 150%.
- 3. Interest coverage ratio (the ratio of sum of pre-tax net income plus interest expense, depreciation and amortization to interest expense) should not be less than 300%.
- 4. Tangible net worth must not be less than NT\$2,600,000 thousand.

### 21. Bonds payable

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2023
Liability component of the 6 <sup>th</sup> domestic convertible bonds	\$ 333,168	\$ 512,791
Less: Long-term liabilities due within 1 year	( <u>333,168</u> ) <u>\$</u>	<u>-</u> \$ 512,791

On March 24, 2021, the Company issued 6,000 units of NTDdenominated secured convertible bonds with 101% of face value and 0% coupon rate. The total issuance amount was \$606,000 thousand.

 The details of the Company's 6<sup>th</sup> domestic convertible bonds are as follows:

- 1. Issue period: 5 years, from March 24, 2021 to March 24, 2026.
- 2. Face value: NT\$100 thousand.
- 3. Place of issuance and trading: Domestic
- 4. Issue price: 101%
- 5. Total issuance amount: NT\$600,000 thousand
- 6. Coupon rate: 0%; effective rate: 0.75%
- 7. Conversion rights and targets: Convert into ordinary shares of the Company according to conversion price at the time of request
- 8. Collateral: \$120,000 thousand of pledged bank deposits and 10,000 thousand shares of Optivision Technology Inc.
- 9. Bonds redemption and buy-back procedures:
  - (1) Redemption at maturity: the principal will be repaid according to face value.
  - (2) Early redemption:

The Company may, from the day after three months since the bond issuance until 40 days before the end of the issuance period, redeem all bonds at face value in cash if either the closing price of the Company's ordinary shares on the Taiwan Stock Exchange has exceeded the conversion price by 30% or more for thirty consecutive business days or if the outstanding balance of the convertible bonds in circulation is less than 10% of the original total issuance amount.

(3) Buy-back method:

Upon the full three-year maturity of bond issuance, bondholders may request an early redemption from the Company at 101.51% of face value.

10. Conversion price and adjustment:

The base date of convertible bonds was March 16, 2021, with a conversion price of NT\$19.8 per share. After the issuance of the convertible bonds, the conversion price shall be adjusted in accordance with the terms of issuance and conversion regulations. As of December 31, 2023, the conversion price was NT\$15.8 per share.

(2) The convertible bonds include assets, liabilities, and equity components. The equity component is recognized as capital surplus - share subscription rights. The asset component is embedded derivative financial instruments, and the liability component consists of embedded derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial liabilities. The effective interest rate of non-derivative financial liabilities at initial recognition was 0.75%.

Proceeds from issuance (less transaction costs of \$5,300	
thousand)	\$ 600,700
Equity component	( 20,280)
Financial assets - redemption rights	960
Financial liabilities - put options	( <u>3,540</u> )
Liability component at the date of issue	577,840
Interest charged at an effective rate of 0.75%	10,551
Convertible bonds converted into ordinary shares	( <u>255,223</u> )
Liability component at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 333,168</u>

The changes in the host liability instruments, redemption rights and put options of financial assets/liabilities were as follows:

	Host Liability	Financial Assets - Redemption	Financial Liabilities - Put
	Instruments	Rights	Options
Balance at January 1, 2022 Interest expense	\$ 552,053 3,908	\$ 3,134	(\$ 855)
Change in fair value (gain or loss) Corporate bonds converted	-	( 2,819)	( 511)
into ordinary shares Balance at December 31,	( <u>43,170</u> )	<u> </u>	
2022	512,791	315	( 1,366)
Interest expense	3,278	-	-
Change in fair value (gain or loss)	-	92	1,366
Corporate bonds converted into ordinary shares Balance at December 31,	( <u>182,901</u> )	<u> </u>	
2023	<u>\$ 333,168</u>	<u>\$ 407</u>	<u>\$</u>

The aforementioned convertible bonds are guaranteed by Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. and secured by bank deposits provided by the Company. Mr. Kuo Wei-Wu, the chairman of the Company, is the joint guarantor; refer to Notes 6, 33, and 34 for more details.

The aforementioned contract stipulates that the Group shall maintain specific financial ratios during the duration of loan as follows:

- 1. Current ratio (the ratio of current assets to current liabilities) should not be less than 100%.
- 2. Debt ratio (the ratio of total liabilities excluding cash and cash equivalents to tangible net worth) should not be higher than 100%.
- 3. Interest coverage ratio (the ratio of sum of pre-tax net income plus interest expense, depreciation and amortization to interest expense) should not be less than 300%.
- 4. Tangible net worth must not be less than NT\$2,600,000 thousand.

## 22. Other payables

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Payables for salaries	\$ 128,080	\$ 130,421
Payables for interests	1,082	749
Payables for pension	44,031	42,725
Payables for employees'		
compensation and directors'		
remuneration	12,727	24,161
Payables for labor fee	4,794	2,349
Payables for purchase of		
equipment	6,931	7,249
Payables for dividends	20,491	19,757
Payables for taxes	49,575	39,783
Others	292,379	286,148
	<u>\$ 560,090</u>	<u>\$ 553,342</u>

### 23. <u>Retirement benefit plans</u>

### (1) Defined contribution plan

The Company, Optivision Technology Inc. and Insight Medical Solutions Inc. adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, they make monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages. As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, the Group recognized total expenses of \$12,347 thousand and \$13,059 thousand, respectively, in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income based on specified proportion of the defined contribution plan.

(2) Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plan adopted by the Company in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is operated by the government of the ROC. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of length of service and average monthly salaries of 6 months before retirement. The Company contributes amounts equal to 2% of total monthly salaries and wages to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"); the Company has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheets in respect of the Group's defined benefit plans are as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Present value of defined benefit		
obligation	\$ 41,786	\$ 43,478
Fair value of plan assets	( <u>28,019</u> )	( <u>28,666</u> )
Net defined benefit liabilities	<u>\$ 13,767</u>	<u>\$ 14,812</u>

Movements in net defined benefit liabilities (assets) were as follows:

Balance at January 1, 2022	Present Value of Defined Benefit Obligation <u>\$ 46,013</u>	Fair Value of Plan Assets (\$ 25,855)	Net Defined Benefit Liabilities (Assets) \$ 20,158
Service cost Current service cost	471		471
Interest expense (income)	288	( 163)	125
Recognized in profit or loss	759	( 163 )	596
Remeasurement		()	
Return on plan assets Actuarial loss - change in	-	( 2,049)	( 2,049)
demographic assumptions	206	_	206
Actuarial loss - change in	200	-	200
financial assumptions	( 2,863)	_	( 2,863)
Actuarial loss - experience	( 2,000)		( 2,000)
adjustments	( 637)	-	( 637)
Recognized in other	()		(/
comprehensive income	$(\underline{3,294})$	$(\underline{2,049})$	(5,343)
Contributions from employer		(599)	(599)
Balance at December 31, 2022	43,478	( <u>28,666</u> )	14,812
Service cost			
Current service cost	381	-	381
Interest expense (income)	598	(397)	201
Recognized in profit or loss	979	(397)	582
Remeasurement			
Return on plan assets	-	( 80)	( 80)
Actuarial loss - change in	200		200
financial assumptions	399	-	399
Actuarial loss - experience	( 1455)		( 1455)
adjustments	( <u>1,455</u> )	<u> </u>	( <u>1,455</u> )
Recognized in other comprehensive income	( <u>1,056</u> )	( 80)	( 1,136 )
Contributions from employer	( 1,000 )	(	( 1,136 ) ( 491)
Benefits paid	( 1,615)	()	()
Balance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 41,786</u>	$(\frac{1,015}{\$ 28,019})$	\$ 13,767
2 manee at December 51, 2025	<u>Ψ 11,700</u>	( <u>* 20,017</u> )	<u>* 10,101</u>

An analysis by function of the amounts recognized in profit or loss in respect of the defined benefit plans is as follows:

	2023			2022
Summary by function Operating costs	\$	222	\$	219
Selling and marketing expenses		106		93
General and administrative expenses		181		203
Research and development expenses	<u>\$</u>	73 582	<u>\$</u>	<u>81</u> 596

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Act, the Group is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets shall not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in interest rate of government bonds will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plans' debt investments.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salaries of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Discount rate	1.25%	1.375%
Expected rate of salary increase	2%	2%

If possible reasonable changes in each of the significant actuarial assumptions will occur and all other assumptions will remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation will increase (decrease) as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Discount rate		
0.25% increase	( <u>\$ 791</u> )	( <u>\$ 888</u> )
0.25% decrease	<u>\$ 819</u>	<u>\$ 920</u>
Expected rate of salary increase		
0.25% increase	<u>\$ 801</u>	<u>\$ 900</u>
0.25% decrease	( <u>\$ 777</u> )	( <u>\$ 873</u> )

The above sensitivity analysis may not be representative of the actual change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions will occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Expected contributions to the		
plans for the next year	<u>\$ 534</u>	<u>\$ 554</u>
Average duration of the defined		
benefit obligation	8.33 years	10.1 years

### 24. Equity

### (1) Share capital

### Ordinary shares

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Shares authorized (in thousands		
of shares)	300,000	300,000
Amount of authorized shares	<u>\$ 3,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,000,000</u>
Shares issued and fully paid (in		
thousands of shares)	169,461	163,806
Amount of issued shares	\$ 1,694,613	\$ 1,638,061

The issued ordinary shares with a par value of \$10 entitle the holders with the right to vote and receive dividends.

Changes in the Company's outstanding ordinary shares were as follows:

Number of Shares	
(In Thousands)	Share Capital
163,806	\$ 1,638,061
11,655	116,552
( <u>6,000</u> )	( <u>60,000</u> )
169,461	<u>\$ 1,694,613</u>
165,969	\$ 1,659,694
2,432	24,317
( <u>4,595</u> )	( <u>45,950</u> )
163,806	<u>\$ 1,638,061</u>
	$(In Thousands) \\ 163,806 \\ 11,655 \\ ( \underline{6,000} ) \\ \underline{-169,461} \\ 165,969 \\ 2,432 \\ ( \underline{-4,595} )$

As of the issuance date of the consolidated financial statements, a total of 158 thousand bondholders of the abovementioned corporate bonds have exercised their conversion rights in 2023 but not yet completed registration of change.

(2) Capital surplus

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (1)		
Share premium	\$ 541,273	\$ 481,679
Treasury share transactions The difference between the consideration received or paid and the carrying amount of the subsidiaries' net assets during actual disposal or	10,251	10,420
acquisition	91,331	93,210
May only be used to offset a deficit (2) Changes in percentage of ownership interests in		
subsidiaries	51,583	54,283
May not be used for any purpose		
Share options	11,451	17,759
Employee restricted shares	<u>28,037</u> <u>\$ 733,926</u>	<u>32,617</u> <u>\$ 689,968</u>

- 1) Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Group has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Group's capital surplus).
- 2) Such capital surplus arises from the effects of changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries resulting from equity transactions other than actual disposals or acquisitions or from changes in capital surplus of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method.
- (3) Retained earnings and dividends policy

Under the dividends policy as set forth in the Articles, where the Company made profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as legal reserve 10% of the remaining profit if the amount of accumulated legal reserve has not yet reached the amount of the total capital of the Company, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Company's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders. The distribution plan will be made through the issuance of new shares, if the plan is to be distributed in cash, the board of directors shall be authorized for approval with the attendance of more than two-thirds of the directors and the consent of majority of the directors present, and shall be reported in the shareholders' meeting. For the policies on the distribution of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors, refer to Note 26.

The Company shall appropriate a special reserve in accordance with the provisions of the Financial Supervisory Commission's letter No. 1010012865, No. 1010047490, and No. 1030006415, as well as the "Questions and Answers on the Application of Setting Up a Special Reserve after Adopting International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs)". If there is a subsequent reversal of other deductions from shareholders' equity, the surplus may be distributed based on the reversed portion.

An appropriation of earnings to a legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. The legal reserve may be used to offset deficits. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess shall be distributed in cash.

The appropriations of earnings and cash dividends per share for 2022 and 2021 were resolved by the Company's board of directors, as follows:

	2022Q4	2022Q2	2021Q4	2021Q2
Date of resolution	March 23, 2023	August 5, 2022	March 24, 2022	August 10, 2021
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 13,044</u>	<u>\$ 15,119</u>	<u>\$ 12,929</u>	<u>\$ 23,321</u>
Special reserve	( <u>\$ 34,278</u> )	<u>\$ 3,410</u>	( <u>\$ 62,397</u> )	<u>\$ 74,430</u>
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 230,030</u>	<u>\$ 46,006</u>	<u>\$ 182,115</u>	<u>\$ 81,124</u>
Cash dividends per share	<u>\$ 1.50</u>	<u>\$ 0.30</u>	<u>\$ 1.20</u>	<u>\$ 0.54</u>

The above appropriations of earnings for 2022 and 2021 were approved by the Company's shareholders in their meetings on May 5, 2023 and May 27, 2022, respectively.

The appropriations of earnings and cash dividends per share for 2023 were resolved by the Company's board of directors, as follows:

	2023Q4
Date of resolution	March 12, 2024
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 10,555</u>
Special reserve	( <u>\$ 43,300</u> )
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 110,131</u>
Cash dividends per share	<u>\$ 0.66</u>

The remaining appropriation of earnings for 2023 will be resolved by the shareholders in their meeting to be held on June 24, 2024.

- (4) Other equity items
  - 1) Exchange differences on the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations

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The exchange differences arising from the conversion of net assets of foreign operations from their functional currency to the reporting currency of the Group (i.e., New Taiwan Dollars) are directly recognized as other comprehensive income and accumulated in foreign currency translation reserve in the financial statements of the foreign operations. The previously accumulated exchange differences in the financial statements of foreign operations are reclassified to profit or loss upon disposal of the foreign operations.

2) Unrealized gains and losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	2023		2022	
Balance at January 1	(\$	26,184)	(\$	30,640)
Unrealized valuation gains				
and losses on equity				
investments measured at				
fair value through other				
comprehensive income		12,678		3,462
Disposal of partial interests				
in subsidiaries		171		-
Transfer of accumulated				
gains and losses on				
disposal of equity				
investments to retained				
earnings	(	426)		994
Balance at December 31	( <u>\$</u>	<u>13,761</u> )	( <u>\$</u>	<u>26,184</u> )

Investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value with subsequent fair value changes reported in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. When the investment is disposed of, the accumulated gains and losses are directly recognized in retained earnings and not reclassified as income.

### 3) Unearned employee benefits

(5)

In the meeting on July 2, 2021, the Company's shareholders approved a restricted share plan for employees (see Note 29).

	2023	2022
Balance at January 1 Share-based payment	(\$ 41,098)	(\$ 72,873)
expenses recognized	19,243	31,775
Balance at December 31	( <u>\$ 21,855</u> )	( <u>\$ 41,098</u> )
Non-controlling interests		
	2023	2022
Balance at January 1 Attributable to non-controlling	\$ 1,329,159	\$ 1,589,536
interests		
Net loss for the period Exchange differences on translating the financial	( 187,390)	( 165,350)
statements of foreign entities Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at	( 15,298)	19,093
FVTOCI Additions (continued)	1,684 37,800	( 8,255)

		2023		2022
Disposal of partial interests in subsidiaries	\$	8,836	\$	_
Dividends paid by				
subsidiaries	(	30,709)	(	37,935)
Buy-back of treasury				
shares by subsidiaries		-	(	89,175)
Exercise of share options				
by employees of				
subsidiaries		12,825		17,220
Others		2,388		4,025
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>,159,295</u>	<u>\$ 1</u>	,329,159

(concluded)

(6) Treasury shares

1) The changes in treasury shares are as follows:

Unit: In New Taiwan Dollars

		2023		
	Number of			Number of
	shares on			shares on
Reason	January 1	Increase	Decrease	December 31
Transfer of shares to				
employees	4,500,000	-	( 4,500,000)	-
Maintain the				
Company's				
credibility and				
shareholders'				
rights	1,500,000		$(\underline{1,500,000})$	
	6,000,000		( <u>6,000,000</u> )	
		2022		
	Number of			Number of
	shares on			shares on
Reason	January 1	Increase	Decrease	December 31
Transfer of shares to				
employees	9,095,000	-	( 4,595,000)	4,500,000
Maintain the				
Company's				
credibility and				
shareholders'				
rights	1,181,000	319,000		1,500,000
	10,276,000	319,000	( <u>4,595,000</u> )	6,000,000

2) According to Article 28-2 of the Securities and Exchange Act, a company's repurchase of outstanding shares shall not exceed ten percent of the total issued shares, and the total amount spent on repurchasing shares shall not exceed the sum of retained earnings, share premium, and realized capital surplus. The Group shall not pledge treasury shares and not be entitled to dividends or voting rights, as stipulated by the Securities and Exchange Act.

### 25. **Operating revenue**

	2023	2022
Holographic	\$ 4,414,260	\$ 4,688,653
Optoelectronics	721,020	953,035
Optical instruments	526,281	762,615
Others	17,627	17,503
	<u>\$ 5,679,188</u>	<u>\$6,421,806</u>

### 26. <u>Net profit from continuing operations</u>

### Employee benefits expense, depreciation and amortization expenses

	2023				
	Non-operating				
	Operating	Operating	Expenses and		
	Costs	Expenses	Losses	Total	
Short-term benefits	<u>\$ 460,536</u>	<u>\$ 444,627</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 905,163</u>	
Post-employment					
benefits	<u>\$ 5,642</u>	<u>\$ 7,287</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 12,929</u>	
Termination benefits	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>\$ 644</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 645</u>	
Other employee					
benefits	<u>\$ 22,478</u>	<u>\$ 19,899</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 42,377</u>	
Depreciation expenses					
Property, plant and					
equipment	\$ 83,017	\$ 101,650	\$ 2,582	\$ 187,249	
Right-of-use assets	27,848	40,349		68,197	
	<u>\$ 110,865</u>	<u>\$ 141,999</u>	<u>\$ 2,582</u>	<u>\$ 255,446</u>	
Amortization expenses	<u>\$ 304</u>	<u>\$ 4,464</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 4,768</u>	

	2022					
	Non-operating					
	Operating Operating Expenses and					
	Costs	Expenses	Losses	Total		
Short-term benefits	\$ 470,273	<u>\$ 457,953</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 928,226</u>		
Post-employment						
benefits	<u>\$ 6,330</u>	<u>\$ 7,325</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 13,655</u>		
Termination benefits	<u>\$ 1,247</u>	<u>\$ 697</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,944</u>		
Other employee						
benefits	<u>\$ 16,616</u>	<u>\$ 14,747</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 31,363</u>		
Depreciation expenses						
Property, plant and						
equipment	\$ 109,573	\$ 87,568	\$ 2,499	\$ 199,640		
Right-of-use assets	30,776	27,185	114	58,075		
	<u>\$ 140,349</u>	<u>\$ 114,753</u>	<u>\$ 2,613</u>	<u>\$ 257,715</u>		
Amortization expenses	<u>\$ 223</u>	<u>\$ 5,517</u>	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 5,740</u>		

According to the Company's Articles, the Company sets aside 4% to 8% of net profit before income tax before deducting the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors, and accrues no higher than 2% for compensation of employees and remuneration of directors. The compensation of employees and remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 were approved by the board of

directors on March 12, 2024 and March 23, 2023, respectively, as follows:

### Estimated rate

	2023	2022
Compensation of employees	8%	6%
Remuneration of directors	1.5%	1.5%

### Amount

	 2023			2022			
	Cash Shares		Cash		Shares		
Compensation of employees Remuneration of	\$ 10,717	\$	-	\$	19,329	\$	-
directors	2,010		-		4,832		-

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate and adjustments are accounted for in the following year.

There is no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Information on the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

### 27. Income taxes relating to continuing operations

### (1) Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expense (benefit) are as follows:

	2023	2022
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	\$ 50,922	\$ 88,541
Income tax on unappropriated		
earnings	415	1,055
Land appreciation tax	-	50,293
Adjustments for prior year	( 8,713)	( 4,932)
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current year	3,083	( <u>3,674</u> )
Income tax expense recognized in		
profit or loss	<u>\$ 45,707</u>	<u>\$ 131,283</u>

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expense is as follows:

	2023	2022
Loss before tax from continuing operations	( <u>\$ 37,586</u> )	<u>\$ 243,212</u>
Income tax expense (benefit) calculated at the statutory rate	(\$ 13,570)	\$ 62,598
Loss (gain) on investments accounted for using the		
equity method	6,308	( 18,399)
Dividends from foreign investments	2,400	19,900
Disposal of interests in foreign investments	( 9,700)	( 11,800)
Less: Withholding tax on	( 9,700)	( 11,800)
foreign dividends Unrecognized deductible	( 1,200)	( 7,700)
temporary differences	( 10,833)	12,573
Unrecognized write-off of losses	74,894	31,407
Unappropriated earnings	415	1,055
Land appreciation tax	-	50,293
Adjustments for prior years' tax	( 8,713)	( 4,932)
Others	5,706	( <u>3,712</u> )
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 45,707</u>	<u>\$ 131,283</u>

The individual income tax rate applicable to the Group under the Income Tax Act of the Republic of China is 20%. The tax rate applicable to subsidiaries in the mainland China is 25%; the tax amount in other jurisdictions is calculated based on the tax rate applicable in each relevant jurisdiction.

### (2) Current tax assets and liabilities

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current tax assets		
Tax refund receivable	<u>\$ 16,736</u>	<u>\$ 20,706</u>
Current tax liabilities		
Income tax payable	<u>\$ 32,627</u>	<u>\$ 83,388</u>

### (3) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Deferred tax assets		
Temporary differences	<u>\$ 47,382</u>	<u>\$ 52,666</u>
Deferred tax assets	<u>\$ 47,382</u>	<u>\$ 52,666</u>
(continued)		

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Deferred tax liabilities		
Temporary differences	<u>\$ 21,844</u>	<u>\$ 23,265</u>
Deferred tax liabilities	<u>\$ 21,844</u>	<u>\$ 23,265</u>

(concluded)

(4) As of December 31, 2023, the information on imputation credit of unrecognized losses was as follows:

Amount to be	
Deducted	Final Year of Deduction
\$ 82,213	2030
73,135	2031
260,191	2032
374,470	2033
<u>\$ 790,009</u>	

(5) Income tax assessments

The income tax returns of the Company through 2021 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

### 28. <u>Earnings per share</u>

The calculation of earnings per share is disclosed as follows:

	2023			2022			
	Amount Shareholders of the Company (After Tax)	Number of Shares (In Thousands)	Earnings Per Share Shareholders of the Company (After Tax)	Amount Shareholders of the Company (After Tax)	Number of Shares (In Thousands)	Earnings Per Share Shareholders of the Company (After Tax)	
Basic earnings per share Net profit for the current period attributable to shareholders Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares Convertible	\$ 104,098	158,522	<u>\$ 0.66</u>	\$ 277,279	152,541	<u>\$ 1.82</u>	
bonds Compensation	2,621	26,915		3,127	30,248		
of employees Restricted shares	-	549		-	1,268		
for employees Diluted earnings per share Net profit for the current period attributable to		3,267		<u> </u>	2,648		
shareholders	<u>\$ 106,719</u>	189,253	<u>\$ 0.56</u>	<u>\$ 280,406</u>	186,705	<u>\$ 1.50</u>	

The Group may settle the compensation of employees in cash or shares; therefore, the Group assumes that the entire amount of the compensation will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares are included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the shareholders' meeting next year.

### 29. Share-based payment arrangements

(1) New restricted shares for employees

On July 2, 2021, the Company's shareholders in their meeting resolved to issue 5,000 thousand restricted shares for a total amount of \$50,000 thousand. This one-time issuance of restricted shares was approved by the FSC on July 28, 2021.

- 1) Employees who receive new shares but have not yet met the vested conditions are subject to the following restrictions:
  - a) The restricted shares cannot be sold, pledged, transferred, donated, modified, or disposed of in any other way, except by inheritance.
  - b) The attendance, proposal, speech, voting, and election rights of the shareholders' meeting are the same as those of the ordinary shares issued by the Company and are implemented in accordance with the trust custody agreement.
  - c) They do not have the rights to receive any profits (including but not limited to dividends, legal reserves, and capital reserve distribution rights) and subscription rights for cash capital increase.
  - d) If the cash is refunded due to the Company's capital reduction, the refund that has not been vested due to the allotment shall be delivered to the trust. When the vested conditions and deadlines are met, the vested shares will be delivered to the employees without interests. However, if the vested conditions are not met within the deadlines, the Company will reclaim the cash.
- 2) The restricted shares issued by the Company are subject to the following conditions: Employees who are allocated shares on the grant date (i.e., August 10, 2021) will receive vested rights of 15%, 15%, 20%, 20%, and 30% if they are still employed and achieve the operational goals set by the Company after 1 to 5 years, respectively. If the vested conditions are not met during the period, the Company will not reclaim the restricted shares for that year and will continue to deliver them to the trust for safekeeping. If the operational goals set by the Company are achieved in the fifth year, all the restricted shares can be fully vested.
- 3) Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are measured based on the fair value of equity instruments on the grant date.

4) When the vested conditions are not met, or in the event of voluntary resignation, dismissal, termination, or violation of the issuance regulations, the Company will retrieve the shares that have not vested at no cost and cancel them.

As of December 31, 2023, information on restricted shares was as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
	Number of Shares	Number of Shares
	(In Thousands)	(In Thousands)
Balance at January 1	4,452	5,000
Vested	(457)	( <u>548</u> )
Balance at December 31	3,995	4,452

Compensation costs recognized were \$19,243 thousand and \$31,775 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

(2) Employee share option plan of Optivision Technology Inc.

On November 3, 2017, the board of directors of Optivision Technology Inc. resolved to issue employee share options in accordance with Article 167 of the Company Act. The total issuance was 1,000 thousand units, with each unit entitled to subscribe for one ordinary share at a subscription price of NT\$22 per share. Optivision Technology Inc. will make payment to the employees through issuance of new shares. Employees may exercise their share options after two years from the date of issuance of the share option certificates and limited to 50% of the number of certificates granted. After three years from the grant date, employees may exercise their share options up to 75% of the number of certificates granted. After four years from the grant date, employees may exercise their share options for all granted certificates. The exercise period for the share options is six years, and any unexercised share options after the expiration date will be waived. Optivision Technology Inc. had fully issued all the share options on May 10, 2018. If there are any ex-rights or ex-dividend adjustments or cash increase (decrease), the subscription price of the share options will be adjusted accordingly based on the formula. As of December 31, 2023, there were 257 thousand outstanding employee share options available for subscription at a subscription price of \$19.3.

Optivision Technology Inc. did not issue new employee share options in 2023 and 2022, the information on employee share options was as follows:

	20	023	2022			
	Number of		Number of			
	Options (In	Weighted-	Options (In	Weighted-		
	Thousands of	average Exercise	Thousands of	average Exercise		
Employee Share Options	Units)	Price (\$)	Units)	Price (\$)		
Balance at January 1	298	\$19.3	339	\$19.3		
Options exercised	( 30)	19.3	( 36)	19.3		
Options expired	( <u>11</u> )	19.3	( <u>5</u> )	19.3		
Balance at December 31	257	19.3	298	19.3		
Options exercisable, end of the year	257	19.3	298	19.3		

As of December 31, 2023 and 2022, information on outstanding options was as follows:

	Outstanding Share Options as of the Balance Sheet Date			Options E	xercisable
		Weighted-		Number of	
	Number of	average	Weighted-	Exercisable	Weighted-
	Options (In	Expected	average	Options (In	average
	Thousands of	Remaining Life	Exercise Price	Thousands of	Exercise Price
	Units)	(In Years)	(\$)	Units)	(\$)
<u>2023</u>					
	257	0.35	<u>\$ 19.3</u>	257	<u>\$ 19.3</u>
<u>2022</u>					
	298	1.35	<u>\$ 19.3</u>	298	<u>\$ 19.3</u>

Options granted on May 10, 2018 were priced using the Black-Scholes pricing model. The inputs to the model are as follows:

Grant-date share price	\$22
Exercise price	\$22
Expected volatility	49.56%
Expected life (in years)	4-5 years
Expected dividend yield	0 %
Risk-free interest rate	0.68-0.73%

Compensation costs recognized by Optivision Technology Inc. were (1) thousand and 136 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

(3) Employee share option plan of Insight Medical Solutions Inc.

In 2023 and 2022, the board of directors of Insight Medical Solutions Inc. resolved to issue employee share options in accordance with Article 167 of the Company Act, with a total issuance of 2,000 thousand units in both years. Each unit is entitled to subscribe for one ordinary share at a subscription price of NT\$10 per share, which is immediately vested. Insight Medical Solutions Inc. will make payment to the employees through the issuance of new shares.

Options granted on October 16, 2023 and October 24, 2022 were priced using the Black-Scholes pricing model and the compensation cost recognized by Insight Medical Solutions Inc. was \$20 thousand. The inputs to the model are as follows:

Grant-date share price	\$6.78
Exercise price	\$10
Expected volatility	57.86%
Expected life (in years)	36 days
Expected dividend yield	0 %
Risk-free interest rate	1.07%

### 30. <u>Capital management</u>

The capital risk management of the Group is to ensure that it has the necessary financial resources and operational plans to support the needs of working capital, capital expenditures, research and development expenses, debt repayments, and dividend payments over the next 12 months.

### 31. Financial instruments

(1) Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

The management of the Group believes that the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value approximate their fair values.

- (2) Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value
  - 1) Fair value hierarchy

### December 31, 2023

	L	evel 1	Lev	vel 2	L	evel 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL							
Derivatives Corporate bonds Limited	\$	- 6,731	\$	-	\$	407	\$ 407 6,731
partnership	\$	6,731	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u>	-	<u>55,386</u> 55,793	\$ 55,386 62,524
Financial assets at FVTOCI Investments in equity instruments							
<ul> <li>Foreign unlisted shares</li> <li>Domestic</li> </ul>	\$	-	\$	-	\$	54,775	\$ 54,775
unlisted shares	\$		\$	<u> </u>		<u>32,856</u> 87,631	\$ <u>32,856</u> 87,631

(continued)

# December 31, 2022

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL				
Derivatives	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 315	\$ 315
Corporate bonds	<u>6,161</u> <u>\$6,161</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 315</u>	<u>6,161</u> <u>\$6,476</u>
Financial assets at FVTOCI				
Investments in equity instruments				
<ul> <li>Foreign unlisted shares</li> <li>Domestic</li> </ul>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,871	\$ 56,871
unlisted shares	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>-</u> <u>\$</u>	<u>34,990</u> <u>\$ 91,861</u>	<u>34,990</u> <u>\$ 91,861</u>
Financial liabilities at FVTPL				
Derivatives	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,366</u>	<u>\$    1,366</u>
/ 1 1 1				

(concluded)

- 2) There was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements in 2023 and 2022.
- 3) For financial assets measured at Level 3 fair value, there were no other adjustment items except for the fair value changes recognized in other comprehensive income.
- 4) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurements

Financial Instrument	Valuation Technique and Inputs
Domestic and foreign	Market approach: The fair value is determined
unlisted equity	based on the market fair value of observable
investments	comparable companies at the end of the
	period and adjusted by price-to-earnings ratio
	and price-to-book ratio of the investee
	company.
Derivatives	Binomial convertible bond pricing model:
	Considers factors such as the tenure of the
	corporate bonds, the share price and volatility
	of the underlying convertible bonds,
	conversion price, risk-free rate, discount rate,
	and liquidity risk of the convertible bonds.

(continued)

Financial Instrument	Valuation Technique and Inputs			
Limited partnership	Asset approach: Adjust the fair value by			
	applying the valuation multiple			
	comparable companies at the end of period or			
	measure its fair value by using asset-based			
	approach.			

### (concluded)

### (3) Categories of financial instruments

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Financial assets		
Financial assets at		
amortized cost	\$ 3,461,543	\$ 3,683,320
Financial assets at FVTPL	407	215
- current	407	315
Financial assets at FVTPL - non-current	62,117	6,161
Financial assets at	02,117	0,101
FVTOCI - non-current	87,631	91,861
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities at		
amortized cost	3,452,685	3,575,614
Financial liabilities at		
FVTPL - non-current	-	1,366

(4) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include equity and debt investments, cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade payables, other receivables, other payables, bonds payable and borrowings, etc. The Group's corporate treasury function provides services to the business, coordinates access to domestic and international financial markets, and monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports that analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. There has been no change to the Group's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are managed and measured.

a) Foreign currency risk

The management of foreign exchange rate risk arising from foreign currency transactions of the Group is conducted within the scope permitted by the regulations of the process for handling derivative financial instrument transactions, by using forward foreign exchange contracts to manage risk. For more information on carrying amount of non-functional currency-denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities of the Group on the balance sheet date, refer to Note 34. The sensitivity analysis of the Group only includes foreign currency monetary items in circulation and adjusts their year-end conversion by increasing the pre-tax profit and loss when the exchange rate of each foreign currency appreciates by 1% relative to the New Taiwan Dollar; when it depreciates by 1%, the impact on pre-tax profit and loss will be a negative amount of the same value.

	USD	Impact	JPY I	mpact	RMB	Impact
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Profit or loss	\$ 8,561	\$ 6,496	(\$ 343)	(\$ 228)	\$ 898	\$ 814

#### b) Interest rate risk

The interest rate risk of the Group mainly comes from floating rate time deposits and borrowings. The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the year were as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Cash flow interest rate risk		
Financial assets	\$ 281,033	\$ 254,514
Financial liabilities	1,022,086	880,230

The sensitivity analysis regarding interest rate risk is based on the fair value changes of financial assets and liabilities with floating interest rates as of the end of the reporting period. If interest rates were to increase by one percentage point, the cash outflows of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 would increase by \$7,411 thousand and \$6,257 thousand, respectively.

### 2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss incurred by the Group due to the counterparty's failure to fulfill contractual obligations. The Group requires collateral or other forms of security for major trading counterparties, which effectively reduces the credit risk. The management of the Group assigns a dedicated team to make decisions on credit limits, credit approvals, and other monitoring procedures to ensure appropriate action is taken to recover overdue receivables. In addition, the Group will review the recoverable amount of trade receivables one by one on the balance sheet date to ensure that there is an appropriate provision for uncollectible trade receivables. Therefore, the management believes that the credit risk of the Group has significantly decreased.

3) Liquidity risk

The working capital of the Group is sufficient to support its operations; therefore, there is no liquidity risk arising from the inability to raise funds to fulfill contractual obligations.

a) The scheduled maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities of the Group were as follows:

	December 31, 2023					
	Less than					
	1 Year	2 to 3 Years	3+ Years	Total		
<u>Non-derivative</u> financial liabilities						
Non-interest bearing	\$1,519,066	\$-	\$ -	\$1,519,066		
Lease liabilities	67,812	52,813	179,854	300,479		
Variable interest rate						
liabilities	130,134	884,098	7,854	1,022,086		
Fixed interest rate						
liabilities	911,533			911,533		
	<u>\$2,628,545</u>	<u>\$ 936,911</u>	<u>\$ 187,708</u>	<u>\$3,753,164</u>		
	Less than 3					
	Years	3 to 5 Years	5 to 10 Years	10+ Years		
Lease liabilities	\$ 120,625	\$ 97,185	\$ 46,521	\$ 36,148		
	<u>+ 120,020</u>	<u> </u>	<u>* :0;0=1</u>	<u> </u>		
		Decembe	r 31, 2022			
	Less than	Decembe	r 31, 2022			
	Less than 1 Year	Decembe 2 to 3 Years	r 31, 2022 3+ Years	Total		
Non-derivative_				Total		
<u>Non-derivative</u> <u>financial liabilities</u>	1 Year	2 to 3 Years	3+ Years			
<u>financial liabilities</u> Non-interest bearing	1 Year \$1,590,347	2 to 3 Years \$ -	3+ Years \$-	\$1,590,347		
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities	1 Year	2 to 3 Years	3+ Years			
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate	1 Year \$1,590,347 42,768	2 to 3 Years \$ 27,116	3+ Years \$ - 145,949	\$1,590,347 215,833		
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities	1 Year \$1,590,347	2 to 3 Years \$-	3+ Years \$-	\$1,590,347		
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate	<u>1 Year</u> \$1,590,347 42,768 21,670	2 to 3 Years \$ 27,116	3+ Years \$	\$1,590,347 215,833 880,230		
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities	<u>1 Year</u> \$1,590,347 42,768 21,670 <u>592,246</u>	2 to 3 Years \$ 27,116 844,000 	3+ Years \$ - 145,949 14,560 <u>512,791</u>	\$1,590,347 215,833 880,230 <u>1,105,037</u>		
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate	<u>1 Year</u> \$1,590,347 42,768 21,670	2 to 3 Years \$ 27,116	3+ Years \$	\$1,590,347 215,833 880,230		
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate	<u>1 Year</u> \$1,590,347 42,768 21,670 <u>592,246</u>	2 to 3 Years \$ 27,116 844,000 	3+ Years \$ - 145,949 14,560 <u>512,791</u>	\$1,590,347 215,833 880,230 <u>1,105,037</u>		
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate	<u>1 Year</u> \$1,590,347 42,768 21,670 <u>592,246</u>	2 to 3 Years \$ 27,116 844,000 	3+ Years \$ - 145,949 14,560 <u>512,791</u>	\$1,590,347 215,833 880,230 <u>1,105,037</u>		
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate	<u>1 Year</u> \$1,590,347 42,768 21,670 <u>592,246</u> <u>\$2,247,031</u>	2 to 3 Years \$ 27,116 844,000 	3+ Years \$ - 145,949 14,560 <u>512,791</u>	\$1,590,347 215,833 880,230 <u>1,105,037</u>		
financial liabilities Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate	<u>1 Year</u> \$1,590,347 42,768 21,670 <u>592,246</u> <u>\$2,247,031</u> Less than 3	2 to 3 Years \$ 27,116 844,000  <u>\$ 871,116</u>	3+ Years \$ - 145,949 14,560 <u>512,791</u> <u>\$ 673,300</u>	\$1,590,347 215,833 880,230 <u>1,105,037</u> <u>\$3,791,447</u>		

# b) Financing facilities

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Unsecured bank overdraft facilities:		
Amount used	\$ 1,064,306	\$ 810,877
Amount unused	1,972,745	2,202,963
	<u>\$3,037,051</u>	<u>\$ 3,013,840</u>
Secured bank overdraft facilities:		
Amount used	\$ 536,153	\$ 661,620
Amount unused	542,452	679,278
	<u>\$1,078,605</u>	<u>\$1,340,898</u>
Guaranteed bonds:		
Amount used	\$ 600,000	\$ 600,000
Amount unused	20,000	20,000
	<u>\$ 620,000</u>	<u>\$ 620,000</u>

# 32. <u>Transactions with related parties</u>

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed as follows:

# (1) Related party name and category

Related Party Name	Related Party Category
Guang Feng (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Associate accounted for using the equity method
Hunan Hexin Packaging Material Co., Ltd.	Associate accounted for using the equity method
Boxlight Corporation	Associate accounted for using the equity method (non-current assets were listed for sale; they were completely sold on March 2023)
Kuo Wei-Wu	Chairman of the Company
Kuo Wei-Pin	Director of the Company
(2) Operating transactions	

	2023	2022
<u>Sales</u> Associates	<u>\$ 165</u>	<u>\$</u>
<u>Purchases</u> Associates (continued)	<u>\$ 8,769</u>	<u>\$ 19,571</u>

	2023	2022
Manufacturing expenses Associates	<u>\$ 11,026</u>	<u>\$ 10,997</u>
<u>Operating expenses</u> Associates	<u>\$ 3,415</u>	<u>\$ 3,637</u>
Interest income Associates Hunan Hexin Packaging Material Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 346</u>	<u>\$ 527</u>
Other income Associates	<u>\$ 1,587</u>	<u>\$ 1,643</u>

(concluded)

There is no significant difference between the transaction conditions of related parties and general customers.

(3) The outstanding balance on the balance sheet date is as follows:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Notes payable to related parties Associates Others	<u>\$ 40</u>	<u>\$ 14</u>
Other receivables (excluding capital loans) Associates Guang Feng (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	\$ 672	\$ 685
<u>Other payables</u> Associates Others	<u>\$                                    </u>	<u>\$ 143</u>

There is no significant difference between the transaction conditions of related parties and general customers.

### (4) Accommodation of funds

The capital loans and related parties of the Group in 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	20	023	2022		
	Maximum Balance at the		Maximum	Balance at the	
Related Party Name	Balance	End of Period	Balance	End of Period	
Associate - Hunan					
Hexin Packaging					
Material Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 17,558</u>	<u>\$ 12,765</u>	<u>\$ 124,292</u>	<u>\$ 13,885</u>	

### (5) Endorsements and guarantees

The related parties of the Group are the joint guarantor of loans, and the circumstances of the joint guarantee are as follows:

Related Party Name	Nature of Endorsements	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Key management personnel	Short-term borrowings	\$ 655,775	\$ 513,937
	Commercial paper payable	49,992	99,979
	Bonds payable Long-term	333,168	512,791
	borrowings	<u>894,684</u> <u>\$ 1,933,619</u>	<u>858,560</u> <u>\$ 1,985,267</u>

### (6) Remuneration of key management personnel

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, the remuneration of directors and key management personnel of the Group was as follows:

	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	<u>\$ 30,486</u>	<u>\$ 37,137</u>
Post-employment benefits	<u>\$ 648</u>	<u>\$ 653</u>

The remuneration of directors and key executives, as determined by the remuneration committee, is based on the performance of individuals and market trends.

### 33. Assets pledged as collateral

The following assets of loan contracts and operational needs were provided as collateral for bank borrowings and issuance of bank's acceptance bills, and guarantee for custom duty:

	December 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Bank deposits	\$ 288,634	\$ 511,877	
Property, plant and equipment	223,168	235,072	
Right-of-use assets	4,566	4,806	
	<u>\$ 516,368</u>	<u>\$ 751,755</u>	

In addition, the Company pledged 10,000 thousand ordinary shares of its subsidiary, Optivision Technology Inc., as collateral for the issuance of convertible bonds; refer to Note 21 for more details.

## 34. Significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

The Group's significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

			Unit	In	Inousands	5 01 F	breign Cu	rrencies/New 1	aiwan Dollars
			December 31, 2023					December 31, 2022	
	F	oreign		Ν	ew Taiwan	F	Foreign		New Taiwan
	Cı	urrency	Exchange Rate		Dollars	C	urrency	Exchange Rate	Dollars
Financial									
Assets									
Monetary items									
USD	\$	38,718	30.705	\$	1,188,836	\$	32,899	30.71	\$ 1,010,328
JPY		7,028	0.2172		1,526		3,185	0.2324	740
RMB		24,998	4.327		108,166		24,408	4.408	107,590
Long-term									
equity									
investments									
accounted									
for using the									
<u>equity</u> method									
USD		1,292	30.705		39,685		1,552	30.71	47,654
03D		1,292	30.703		39,085		1,332	50.71	47,034
Financial									
Liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD		10,837	30.705		332,750		11,747	30.71	360,750
JPY		165,144	0.2172		35,869		101,180	0.2324	23,514
RMB		4,243	4.327		18,359		5,944	4.408	26,201
					,		-		<i>.</i>

Unit: In Thousands of Foreign Currencies/New Taiwan Dollars

# 35. <u>Separately disclosed items</u>

(1) Information on significant transactions and reinvestments:

No	Items	Remark
1	Financing provided to others	Table 1
2	Endorsements/guarantees provided	None
3	Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures)	Table 2
4	Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital	None
5	Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital	None
6	Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital	None
7	Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital	Table 3
8	Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital	Table 4
9	Trading in derivative instruments	None
10	Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions	Table 7
11	Information on investees	Table 5

## (2) Information on investments in mainland China:

No	Items	Remark
1	Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the year, repatriations of investment income, and limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area.	Table 6
2	<ul> <li>Any of the following significant transactions with investee companies in mainland China, either directly or indirectly through a third party, and their prices, payment terms, and unrealized gains or losses:</li> <li>(1) The amount and percentage of purchases and the balance and percentage of the related payables at the end of the year.</li> <li>(2) The amount and percentage of sales and the balance and percentage of the related receivables at the end of the year.</li> <li>(3) The amount of property transactions and the amount of the resulting gains or losses.</li> <li>(4) The balance of negotiable instrument endorsements or guarantees or pledges of collateral at the end of the year and the purposes.</li> <li>(5) The highest balance, the ending balance, the interest rate range, and total current period interest with respect to the financing of funds.</li> <li>(6) Other transactions that have a material effect on the profit or loss for the year or on the financial position, such as the rendering or receipt of services.</li> </ul>	Table 6

(3) Information on major shareholders: list all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 8)

# 36. <u>Segment information</u>

The Group manufactures and sells holographic products in a single industry, and provides information to chief operating decision maker for resource allocation and departmental performance evaluation. Emphasis is placed on the region of each product delivery or offering. The Group's reportable segments were as follows:

Mainland China - K Laser Technology (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.

- K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.
- K Laser Technology (Hongkong) Co., Ltd.
- Hunan Herui Laser Technology Co., Ltd.

- Ningbo Optivision Technology Co., Ltd.
- Glory Group Medical (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.
- Jiangsu Sunderray Laser Packing Material Co., Ltd.
- Jiangyin Terryda Packing Technology Co., Ltd.
- K Laser Technology (Nanchang) Co., Ltd.
- Zunyi Guangqun Laser Packaging Technology Co., Ltd.
- Asia regions K Laser Technology Inc.
  - K Laser Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd.
  - K Laser Technology (Indonesia) Co., Ltd.
  - K Laser Technology (Korea) Co., Ltd.
  - K Laser Technology Japan Co., Ltd.
  - Amagic Holographics India Private Limited
  - Optivision Technology Inc.
  - Insight Medical Solutions Inc.
- Other regions Amagic Technologies U.S.A. (Dubai)
  - K Laser Technology (USA) Co., Ltd.
  - Finity Laboratories
- (1) Segment revenue and results

The following was an analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segments:

The financial information of the Group's relevant segments in 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

			2023		
	Mainland			Adjustments	
	China	Asia Regions	Others	and Write-offs	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 3,723,363	\$ 2,714,856	\$ 919,300	(\$ 1,678,331)	\$ 5,679,188
Operating costs	3,053,417	2,439,592	716,581	( <u>1,739,395</u> )	4,470,195
Gross profit	669,946	275,264	202,719	61,064	1,208,993
Operating expense	560,579	504,476	155,571	( <u>8,095</u> )	1,212,531
Operating income					
(loss)	109,367	( 229,212)	47,148	69,159	( 3,538)
Interest income	12,219	12,941	6,831	44	32,035
Interest expense	5,508	36,801	1,758	( 475)	43,592
Other income (loss)	( <u>5,066</u> )	44,352	163,531	( <u>225,308</u> )	( <u>22,491</u> )
Net profit (loss)					
before tax	<u>\$ 111,012</u>	( <u>\$ 208,720</u> )	<u>\$ 215,752</u>	( <u>\$ 155,630</u> )	( <u>\$ 37,586</u> )

(continued)

			2022		
	Mainland			Adjustments	
	China	Asia Regions	Others	and Write-offs	Total
Operating revenue	\$ 4,128,822	\$ 3,151,458	\$ 986,387	(\$ 1,844,861)	\$ 6,421,806
Operating costs	3,418,151	2,898,372	850,621	( <u>1,901,996</u> )	5,265,148
Gross profit	710,671	253,086	135,766	57,135	1,156,658
Operating expense	442,106	500,548	147,109	83,253	1,173,016
Operating income					
(loss)	268,565	( 247,462)	( 11,343)	( 26,118)	( 16,358)
Interest income	9,503	8,577	569	-	18,649
Interest expense	5,285	28,230	2,601	( 657)	35,459
Other income (loss)	125,064	213,852	486,202	( <u>548,738</u> )	276,380
Net profit (loss)					
before tax	<u>\$ 397,847</u>	( <u>\$ 53,263</u> )	<u>\$ 472,827</u>	( <u>\$ 574,199</u> )	<u>\$ 243,212</u>

(concluded)

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, intragroup transactions had been eliminated on consolidation.

# (2) Segment assets

		Ľ	December 31, 202	23	
	Mainland			Adjustments	
	China	Asia Regions	Others	and Write-offs	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 898,450	\$ 403,876	\$ 201,009	\$ -	\$ 1,503,335
Notes and accounts					
receivable	1,334,062	673,845	119,799	( 543,588)	1,584,118
Inventories	840,532	340,587	299,782	( 95,282)	1,385,619
Other current assets	485,192	256,203	25,318	( <u>261,866</u> )	504,847
Total current assets	3,558,236	1,674,511	645,908	( <u>900,736</u> )	4,977,919
Funds and investments Property, plant and	266,247	3,993,297	5,863,288	( 9,556,492)	566,340
equipment	734,587	866,240	65,390	33,403	1,699,619
Right-of-use assets	191,988	209,714	39,195	( 33,055)	407,842
Intangible assets	3,056	3,238	-	72,209	78,503
Other assets	191,635	150,826	13,876	( <u>96,542</u> )	259,795
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,945,748</u>	<u>\$ 6,897,826</u>	<u>\$ 6,627,657</u>	( <u>\$10,481,213</u> )	<u>\$ 7,990,018</u>

		Γ	December 31, 202	.2	
	Mainland			Adjustments	
	China	Asia Regions	Others	and Write-offs	Total
Cash and cash					
equivalents	\$ 821,927	\$ 643,649	\$ 254,778	\$ -	\$ 1,720,354
Notes and accounts					
receivable	1,294,483	528,004	96,560	( 529,768)	1,389,279
Inventories	856,334	345,426	401,862	( 130,448)	1,473,174
Other current assets	276,516	221,987	22,637	( <u>43,660</u> )	477,480
Total current assets	3,249,260	1,739,066	775,837	( <u>703,876</u> )	5,060,287
Funds and					
investments	302,491	4,046,928	5,396,488	( 9,195,694)	550,213
Property, plant and					
equipment	645,407	933,545	69,892	35,311	1,684,155
Right-of-use assets	101,132	159,787	49,255	( 17,149)	293,025
Intangible assets	-	2,691	-	78,223	80,914
Other assets	85,407	342,681	87,377	( <u>47,949</u> )	467,516
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,383,697</u>	<u>\$ 7,224,698</u>	<u>\$ 6,378,849</u>	( <u>\$ 9,851,134</u> )	<u>\$ 8,136,110</u>

# (3) Information on major customers

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, no single customer contributing 10% or more to the Group's total revenue.

# K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries

# Financing Provided to Others

For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

#### Table 1

			Financial						Nature of	Business	Reasons for		Colla	ateral	Financing Limit	Aggregate	
No. (Note 1)	Lender	Borrower	Statement Account	Related Party	Highest Balance for the Period	Ending Balance	Actual Amount Borrowed	Interest Rate (%)	Financing (Note 2)	Transaction Amount	Short-term Financing	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Item	Value	for Each Borrower (Note 3)	Aggregate Financing Limit (Note 3)	Note
1	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Hunan Hexin Packaging Material Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	\$ 17,558 (RMB 3,950)	\$ 13,197 (RMB 3,050)	\$ 12,765 (RMB 2,950)	3%	2	\$ -	Operating turnover	\$ -	None	None	\$ 498,680 ( RMB115,248 )	\$ 498,680 ( RMB115,248 )	
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (Nanchang) Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	56,251 (RMB 13,000)	56,251 ( RMB 13,000 )	54,953 (RMB 12,700)	3%	2	-	Operating turnover	-	None	None	498,680 ( RMB115,248 )	498,680 ( RMB115,248 )	

Note 1: The information on funds lent by the Group to others is grouped into two tables and marked with a number in the corresponding column. The method for filling in the number is as follows: (1) For the Company, fill in "0".

(2) For the subsidiaries, start with Arabic number "1" in sequential order according to their company types.

Note 2: The information on funds lent by the Group to others is divided into two tables and marked with a number in the corresponding column. The method for filling in the number is as follows:

- (1) If there is a business relationship, fill in "1".
- (2) If there is a need for short-term funding, fill in "2".

Note 3: The types of limits for funds lent by the Group to others are as follows:

- (1) According to the operating procedures for lending funds by the Company to others, the total amount of funds lent by the Company should not exceed 25% of the current net worth, and the amount lent to any individual should not exceed 10% of current net worth.
- (2) According to the operating procedures for lending funds by the subsidiaries to others and endorsements and guarantees to others, the total amount of loans and financing provided by the Group should not exceed 40% of net worth, and the total amount of funds lent to others for short-term funding purposes should not exceed 40% of net worth.

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/Foreign Currencies

# K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries Marketable Securities Held

December 31, 2023

Table 2

					December 31	1, 2023		
Holding Company Nama	Type and Name of Marketable	Relationship with the	Financial Statement			Percentage of		Note
Holding Company Name	Securities	Holding Company	Account	Number of Shares	Carrying Amount	Ownership	Fair Value	Note
						(%)		
The Company	<u>Shares</u>							
	Minton Optic Industry Co., Ltd.	None	Financial assets at FVTPL	857,900	\$ -	1	\$ -	
			- non-current					
	CM Visual Technology	None	Financial assets at	138,240	-	-	-	
	Corporation		FVTOCI - non-current					
	CDIB Capital Healthcare Ventures	None	Financial assets at	677,143	32,856	2	32,856	
	Corporation		FVTOCI - non-current					
	Corporate bond							
	HSBC Global Investment Funds -	None	Financial assets at FVTPL	-	6,731	-	6,731	
	US Dollar Bond		- non-current					
	Investment certificate					_		
Bright Triumph Limited	Dongguan City Guang Zhi	None	Financial assets at	NA	54,775	7	54,775	
	Optoelectronic Co., Ltd.		FVTOCI - non-current					
	<b>•</b> • • • •							
	Limited partnership							
K Laser Technology	Jinjinghesheng (Xiamen) Venture							
(Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Capital Fund	N			55 207	11	55.207	
	Partnership enterprise	None	Financial assets at FVTPL	NA	55,386	11	55,386	
	(Limited partnership)		- non-current					

Note 1: For information related to investments in subsidiaries and associates, refer to Tables 5 and 6.

# K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

### Table 3

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/Foreign Currencies

Durren	Dalatad Doutry	Delationship	Transaction Details					Abnorma	al Transaction	Notes	Note		
Buyer	Related Party	Relationship	Purchase/ Sale	Aı	nount	% of Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending	g Balance	% of Total	note
The Company	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Second-tier subsidiary that indirectly holds 93.78% of the shares	Purchase	(\$	304,846)	28	Cash payment within 90 days	NA	NA	(\$	117,115)	56	
The Company	K Laser Technology (USA) Co., Ltd.	Second-tier subsidiary that indirectly holds 79.75% of the shares	Sales		363,118	26	Cash payment within 90 days	NA	NA		96,062	36	
The Company	K Laser Technology Japan Co., Ltd.	Second-tier subsidiary that indirectly holds 70% of the shares	Sales		154,252	11	Cash payment within 90 days	NA	NA		37,683	14	
K Laser Technology (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Sunderray Laser Packing Material Co., Ltd.	Sister company	Purchase	(RMB	39,849)	34	Cash payment within 60 days	NA	NA	( RMB	9,782)	21	
K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Sunderray Laser Packing Material Co., Ltd.	Sister company	Purchase	(RMB	23,544)	13	Cash payment within 60 days	NA	NA	( RMB	10,316)	21	
Optivision Technology Inc.	Ningbo Optivision Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Sales		207,648	33	Cash payment within 120 days	NA	NA		118,698	42	

# K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries

# Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital

# December 31, 2023

### Table 4

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars

					Ov	verdue	Amount	
Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance	Turnover			Received in	Allowance for
Company Plane		Trenandinship	Litering Durantee	Rate	Amount	Actions Taken	Subsequent	Impairment Loss
		D. (	ф 117 11 <i>5</i>	2.01	¢		Period	¢
	K Laser Technology Inc.	Parent company	\$ 117,115	3.01	\$ -	-	\$ 92,044	\$ -
(Dongguan) Co.,								
Ltd.		G 1 · 1	110 (00	1.06			24.010	
	Ningbo Optivision	Subsidiary	118,698	1.96	-	-	24,919	-
Technology Inc.	Technology Co., Ltd.							

# K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries

# Information on investees

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

#### Table 5

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/Foreign Currencies

			Main Businesses and		ginal Inves			As of D	ecember	31, 2023	3	Net	Income	Share	of Profit	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Products		mber 31, 023		nber 31, 022	Number of Shares	%	Carryiı	ng Amount	<b>`</b>	s) of the vestee		Loss)	Note
The Company	K Laser China Group Co., Ltd.	British Virgin	Reinvestment company	\$	722,454	\$	722,454	21,289,005	100	\$	2,390,913	\$	92,005	\$	107,263	
//	K Laser International Co., Ltd.	Islands British Virgin Islands	Reinvestment company		726,200		726,200	21,161,462	100		848,057		38,074		37,796	
"	Optivision Technology Inc.	Hsinchu City	Manufacture and sales of optical instruments and electronic components, etc.		486,679		499,497	23,008,835	39		286,540	(	298,604)	(	132,190)	(Note 1)
//	iWin Technology Co., Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Reinvestment company		97,372		97,372	157,545	49		3,777	(	14,973)	(	7,337)	
"	Vicome Corp.	Yunlin County	Manufacture, processing and trading of fluorescent pigments and dyes		35,494		35,494	3,021,420	30		158,252		43,120		13,027	
"	Insight Medical Solutions Inc.	Hsinchu City	R&D and sales of gastrointestinal endoscopy and other businesses		301,957		269,813	10,602,443	44		105,585	(	70,361)	(	32,056)	
//	Guang Feng International Ltd.	Samoa	Reinvestment company		162,463		162,463	4,845,810	100		11,846	(	3,541)	(	3,541)	
	K Laser Technology (USA) Co.,	USA	Sales of holographic	USD	6,500	USD	6,500	6,500,000	80	USD	8,880	USD	68	USD	327	
Co., Ltd.	Ltd.		products		- ,		- ,	-,,			- ,					
"	K Laser Technology (Thailand)	Thailand	Manufacture and sales of	USD	1,839	USD	1,839	9,337,984	83	USD	8,430	USD	386	USD	322	
	Co., Ltd.		holographic products													
//	K Laser Technology (Korea)	Korea	Manufacture and sales of	USD	2,946	USD	2,946	677,040	100	USD	2,260	USD	294	USD	294	
	Co., Ltd.		holographic products													
//	Amagic Technologies U.S.A.	Dubai	Sales and agency of	USD	2,297	USD	2,297	-	100	USD	3,818	USD	106	USD	106	
	(Dubai) Ltd.	T	holographic products	LICD	020	LICD	020	1.244	70	LICD	2,940	LICD	449	LICD	21.4	
//	K Laser Technology Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan	Manufacture and sales of holographic products	USD	830	USD	830	1,344	70	USD	2,940	USD	449	USD	314	
"	CIO Tech Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Reinvestment company	USD	750	USD	750	11.000.000	22	USD	461	( USD	248)	( USD	55)	
"	Amagic Holographics India	India	Manufacture and sales of	USD	2,508	USD	2,508	10.915.594	100	USD	288	(USD	36)	(USD	36)	
"	Private Limited	India	holographic products	CDD	2,500	050	2,500	10,715,574	100	050	200	(CDD	50)	( ODD	50)	
K Laser Technology	PT K Laser Technology	Indonesia	Manufacture and sales of	THB	21,168	THB	21,168	266,000	70	THB	22,404	THB	401	THB	281	
(Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Indonesia		holographic products				,	,			,					
K Laser China Group	K Laser China Group Holding	Cayman Islands	Reinvestment company	RMB	221,070	RMB	180,503	89,096,401	94	RMB	561,334	RMB	19,443	RMB	18,233	
Co., Ltd.	Co., Limited															
K Laser China Group	K Laser Technology	Hongkong	Sales agent for	RMB	1,092	RMB	1,092	1,283,500	100	RMB	8,185	RMB	2,276	RMB	2,276	
Holding Co., Limited	(Hongkong) Co., Ltd.		holographic products						100							
//	Holomagic Co., Ltd.	British Virgin	Reinvestment company	RMB	112,440	RMB	112,440	30,000	100	RMB	268,474	( RMB	1,942)	( RMB	2,080)	
"	Top Band Investment., Ltd.	Islands British Virgin	Reinvestment company	RMB	173,364	RMB	130,106	50,000	100	RMB	320,710	RMB	21,392	RMB	20,995	
"	iWin Technology Co., Ltd.	Islands British Virgin Islands	Reinvestment company	RMB	20,825	RMB	20,825	163,975	51	RMB	908	( RMB	3,427)	( RMB	1,748)	

			Main Businesses and	Orig	ginal Inves	tment A	mount	As of D	As of December 31, 2023					Shara	of Profit	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Products		December 31, 2023		nber 31, 022	Number of Shares	%	Carrying Amount		(Loss) of the Investee		(Loss)		Note
Holomagic Co., Ltd.	Treasure Access Limited	Hongkong	Reinvestment company	RMB	69,243	RMB	69,243	10,000	100	RMB	266,246	(RMB	1,975)	(RMB	1,975)	
Top Band Investment Ltd.	Union Bloom Co., Ltd.	Hongkong	Reinvestment company	RMB	156,588	RMB	113,329	10,000	100	RMB	318,475	RMB	21,401	RMB	21,401	
iWin Technology Co., Ltd.	Finity Laboratories	USA	Research and development of holographic technology	USD	700	USD	700	700,000	100	USD	-	( USD	478)	( USD	478)	(Note 2)
Optivision Technology Inc.	Bright Triumph Limited	Mauritius	Reinvestment company		242,173		242,173	7,913,767	100		137,487	(	2,257)	(	2,257)	

Note 1: 10,000,000 ordinary shares of Optivision Technology Inc. have been pledged as collateral for issuance of convertible bonds by the Company.

Note 2: Finity Laboratories had completed its liquidation in July 2023.

# K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries

### Information on investments in mainland China

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Table 6

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/Foreign Currencies

1. Information on any investee company in mainland China, showing the name, principal business activities, paid-in capital, method of investment, inward and outward remittance of funds, ownership percentage, net income of investees, investment income or loss, carrying amount of the investment at the end of the year, and repatriations of investment income:

					Remittance	e of Funds	Accumulated	Net				
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan	l Outward	Inward	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan	Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss)	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income
K Laser Technology	Research and		By reinvesting in	\$ 205,416	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 205,416	94	(\$ 15,551)		\$ 565,712	\$ 229,071
(Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	development, production of laser holography products, optoelectronic equipment and optoelectronic materials	(RMB126,339)	existing companies in third regions				(USD 6,690)		(RMB -3,594)	( RMB, -3,370)	(RMB130,740)	(RMB 52,940)
K Laser Technology	Engaged in the production		By reinvesting in	63,222	-	-	63,222	94	119,088	111,676	1,169,112	742,422
(Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	and sales of other polyethylene and rigid polyvinyl chloride films and foils	(RMB165,621)	existing companies in third regions	(USD 2,059)			(USD 2,059)		(RMB 27,522)	(RMB 25,809)	(RMB 270,190)	(RMB 171,579)
Hunan Herui Laser	R&D, production and	224,139	By reinvesting in	-	-	-	-	46	17,637	8,104	144,855	41,483
Technology Co., Ltd.	operation of laser paper, anodized aluminum and other new environmentally friendly packaging materials and anti- counterfeiting products, etc.	(RMB 51,800) (Note 1)	existing companies in third regions						(RMB 4,076)	(RMB 1,873)	(RMB 33,477)	(RMB 9,587)
Foshan Donglin Packaging Material Co., Ltd.	Production of cigarette packaging materials and extended products	- ( Note 7 )	By reinvesting in existing companies in third regions	-	-	-	-	-	9 (RMB 2)	- (RMB -)	-	-
Hunan Hexin	Mainly engaged in the		By reinvesting in	_		_	_	46	( 16,261)	( 11,358)	198.311	
Packaging Material Co., Ltd.	production, processing and sales of film and cigarette packs, and the segmentation of	(RMB 18,600) (Note 3)	existing companies in third regions					40	(RMB -3,758)		(RMB 45,831)	
Jiangsu Sunderray Laser Packing Material Co., Ltd.	cigarette paper Production of special film coating, decorative film and environmentally friendly transfer paper, etc.	475,970 (RMB110,000) ( Note 2 )	By reinvesting in existing companies in third regions	-	-	-	-	61	389 (RMB 90)	( 1,151) (RMB -266)	349,695 (RMB 80,817)	37,498 (RMB 8,666)

					Remittance	e of Funds	Accumulated	Net				
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan	Outward	Inward	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan	Income (Loss) of the Investee	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain (Loss)	Carrying Amount	Accumulated Repatriation of Investment Income
Jiangyin Terryda Packing Technology Co., Ltd.	Production of special film coating, decorative film and environmentally friendly transfer paper,	42,980 (RMB 9,933) (Note 2)	By reinvesting in existing companies in third regions	-	-	-	-	61	( 5,534) (RMB -1,279)	( 3,375) (RMB -780)	34,019 (RMB 7,862)	-
Guang Feng (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	etc. R & D and production of large liquid crystal projection displays and optical engines for displays, projection tubes, etc.	187,485 (RMB 43,329)	By reinvesting in existing companies in third regions	112,257 (USD 3,656)	-	-	112,257 (USD 3,656)	45	( 13,111) (USD -427)	( 5,895) (USD -192)	25,547 (USD 832)	-
Glory Group Medical (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.		76,763 (USD 2,500)	Directly to the mainland China for investment	76,763 (USD 2,500)	-	-	76,763 (USD 2,500)	44	( 11,784)	( 5,185)	19,083	-
Ningbo Optivision Technology Co., Ltd.	Manufacture, processing and production of brightness enhancement film, diffusion film and optical film	145,693 (RMB 33,607)	By reinvesting in existing companies in third regions	161,447 (USD 5,258)			161,447 (USD 5,258)	44	( 2,142) ( USD -73)	( 942) (USD -32)	33,708 (USD 1,098)	-
Dongguan City Guang Zhi Optoelectronic Co., Ltd.	R&D and manufacturing of precision components	334,972 (RMB 74,500)	By reinvesting in existing companies in third regions	68,779 (USD 2,240)			68,779 (USD 2,240)	3	-	-	(USD 24,101 (USD 785)	-
K Laser Technology (Nanchang) Co., Ltd.	Engaged in the production and sales of other polyethylene and rigid polyvinyl chloride films and foils	187,182 (RMB 43,259) ( Note 4 )	By reinvesting in existing companies in third regions	-	-	-	-	94	( 11,631) (RMB -2,688)	( 10,904) (RMB -2,520)	164,625 (RMB 38,046)	-
Zunyi Guangqun Laser Packaging Technology Co., Ltd.	Mainly engaged in the	86,540 (RMB 20,000)	By reinvesting in existing companies in third regions	-	-	-	-	85	( 16,174) (RMB -3,738)	( 13,812) (RMB -3,192)	60,098 (RMB 13,889)	_

#### 2. Limit on the amount of investment in the mainland China area

Company Name	Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investments in Mainland China as of December 31, 2023	Investment Amount Authorized by the Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investments Stipulated by the Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 6)	
K Laser Technology Inc.	\$380,896 (USD 12,405)	\$2,496,746 (USD 81,314) (Note 5)	-	
Optivision Technology Inc.	\$230,226 (USD 7,498)	\$262,712 (USD 8,556)	\$395,689	
Insight Medical Solutions Inc.	\$76,763 (USD 2,500)	\$76,763 (USD 2,500)	\$80,000	

- Note 1: Including cash investments of US\$2,512 thousand made through third-party business.
- Note 2: Including cash investments of US\$3,705 thousand made through third-party business.
- Note 3: Including cash investments of RMB48,100 thousand made through third-party business.
- Note 4: Including cash investments of US\$6,000 thousand made through third-party business.
- Note 5: Including reinvestment of earnings amounted to US\$21,162 thousand.
- Note 6: The Company is approved by the competent authority as an operational headquarter and thus is not subject to the limitation of 60% of net worth or NT\$80 million. Other companies are subject to the higher of 60% of net worth or NT\$80 million.
- Note 7: Foshan Donglin Packaging Material Co., Ltd. had completed its liquidation in October 2023.
- 3. Major transactions occurred directly or indirectly through third-party businesses with mainland China companies, refer to Table 3.
- 4. Amounts of property transactions and their resulting gains or losses: None.
- 5. Situations involving endorsement, guarantee, or collateral provided by mainland China companies directly or indirectly through third-party businesses: None.
- 6. Situations involving funding provided directly or indirectly through third-party businesses by mainland China companies: None.
- 7. Other significant transactions affecting current income or financial status: None.

# K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries

# Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

### Table 7

### For the year ended December 31, 2023

Unit: In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/Foreign Currencies

				Transaction Status				
No	Company Name	Counterparty	Relationship	Items	Amount	Transaction Terms	As a Percentage of Consolidated Total Revenue or Total Assets (%)	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.	K Laser Technology (USA) Co., Ltd.	Parent company to subsidiary	Trade receivable	\$ 96,062	—	1	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.	K Laser Technology Japan Co., Ltd.	5	Trade receivable	37,683	_	-	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.	,	Parent company to subsidiary	Trade payable	117,115	_	1	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.		Parent company to subsidiary	Trade payable	25,717	_	-	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.		Parent company to subsidiary	Trade payable	21,619	_	-	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Parent company to subsidiary	Purchase	304,846	—	5	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.	00	Parent company to subsidiary	Purchase	86,321	_	2	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.	Treasure	Parent company to subsidiary	Purchase	52,896	—	1	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.	Jiangsu Sunderray Laser Packing Material Co., Ltd.	Parent company to subsidiary	Purchase	85,094	_	1	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.	K Laser Technology (USA) Co., Ltd.	Parent company to subsidiary	Sales	363,118	—	6	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.	K Laser Technology Japan Co., Ltd.		Sales	154,252	_	3	
0	K Laser Technology Inc.		Parent company to subsidiary	Sales	11,544	_	-	

				Transaction Status					
No	Company Name	Counterparty	Relationship	Items	Amount	Transaction Terms	As a Percentage of Consolidated Total Revenue or Total Assets (%)		
0	K Laser Technology Inc.	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Parent company to subsidiary	Sales	\$ 11,092	_	-		
1	Top Band	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Other receivable	RMB 2,891	—	-		
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Amagic Technologies U.S.A. (Dubai) Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Trade receivable	RMB 3,695	—	-		
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Amagic Technologies U.S.A. (Dubai) Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Sales	RMB 7,577	—	1		
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Trade receivable	RMB 6,027	_	-		
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Sales	RMB 12,041	—	1		
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Hunan Herui Laser Technology Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Sales	RMB 2,745	—	-		
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (Korea) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Sales	RMB 5,116	—	-		
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Purchase	RMB 5,628	—	-		
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Sunderray Laser Packing Material Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Trade payable	RMB 10,317	_	1		
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Sunderray Laser Packing Material Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Purchase	RMB 23,544	_	2		
2	K Laser Technology (Dongguan) Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (Nanchang) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Other receivable	RMB 12,712	_	1		
3	K Laser Technology (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (Hongkong) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Trade receivable	RMB 3,392	_	-		
3	K Laser Technology (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Jiangsu Sunderray Laser Packing Material Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Trade payable	RMB 9,782	_	1		
3	K Laser Technology (Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	K Laser Technology (Hongkong) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Sales	RMB 21,342	_	2		

				Transaction Status				
No	Company Name	Counterparty	Relationship	Items	Amount	Transaction Terms	As a Percentage of Consolidated Total Revenue or Total Assets (%)	
3	K Laser Technology	Jiangsu Sunderray Laser	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Purchase	RMB 39,849	_	3	
	(Wuxi) Co., Ltd.	Packing Material Co.,						
		Ltd.						
4	Optivision Technology Inc.	<b>•</b> •	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Trade receivable	118,698	—	1	
		Technology Co., Ltd.						
4	Optivision Technology Inc.	Ningbo Optivision	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Sales	207,648	—	4	
		Technology Co., Ltd.						
5	Treasure	K Laser Technology	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Purchase	RMB 8,689	—	1	
		(Dongguan) Co., Ltd.						
5	Treasure	Hunan Herui Laser	Subsidiary to subsidiary	Other receivable	RMB 3,839	_	-	
		Technology Co., Ltd.						

Note 1: Information on transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries is indicated in the "Number" column, and the numbering method is as follows:

- 1. The parent company should fill in "0".
- 2. Subsidiaries should be numbered sequentially starting from 1 in Arabic numerals according to their company type.
- Note 2: There are three types of relationships with the counterparty, and the types should be marked:
  - 1. Parent company to subsidiary
  - 2. Subsidiary to parent company.
  - 3. Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- Note 3: For calculating the ratio of transaction amount to the consolidated total revenue or total assets, if the transaction belongs to asset and liability account, it should be calculated based on the year-end balance as a percentage of the consolidated total assets. If the transaction belongs to income and expense account, it should be calculated based on the accumulated amount in the interim period as a percentage of the consolidated total revenue.
- Note 4: The significant transaction information on this table may be disclosed based on the principle of materiality at the discretion of the Company.

# K Laser Technology Inc. and Subsidiaries Information on major shareholders December 31, 2023

Table 8

	Shares			
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percentage of		
	Inumber of Shares	Ownership (%)		
Kuo Wei-Wu	13,804,756	8.14%		

- Note 1: The information of major shareholders presented in this table is provided by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the number of ordinary shares and preferred shares held by shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater, that have been issued without physical registration (including treasury shares) by the Company as of the last business day for the current quarter. The share capital in the consolidated financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares that have been issued without physical registration because of different preparation basis.
- Note 2: If a shareholder delivers the shareholdings to the trust, the above information will be disclosed by the individual trustor who opened the trust account. For shareholders who declare insider shareholdings with ownership greater than 10% in accordance with the Security and Exchange Act, the shareholdings include shares held by shareholders and those delivered to the trust over which shareholders have rights to determine the use of trust property. For information relating to insider shareholding declaration, please refer to Market Observation Post System.